

## NATIONAL CAPITAL DISTRICT COMMISSION Regulatory Services Department

# **OPEN SPACE POLICY 2016**



Strategic Planning Section, December 2016

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## **ABBREVIATION & ACRONYMS**

**APEC** Asia Pacific Economic Co-operation Conservation and Environment Protection Authority **CEPA CPP** Chief Physical Planner Deputy City Manager Regulatory Services **DCMRS Development Control Policy DCP** Department of Lands & Physical Planning **DLPP Environmental Impact Assessment** EIA Finance Controller for NCDC FC FIFA Fédération Internationale de Football Association **GoPNG** Government of Papua New Guinea Government Print Office **GPO** HGS High Growth Scenario **JICA** Japanese International Cooperation Agency Local Development Plan LDP **LFC** Land File Creation LGS Linear Growth Scenario **LPAs Local Planning Areas** Limited Ltd **MNE** Moresby North East **MNW** Moresby North West Memorandum of Agreement MOA Marine Protected Area **MPA** Member for Parliament MP Moresby South MS NAT National Appeals Tribunal National Capital District **NCD** National Capital District Commission **NCDC NCDPPB** National Capital District Physical Planning Board **National Fisheries Authority** NFA National Urbanization Policy **NUP International Olympic Committee OFC** Open Space OS **PLO** Principle Legal Officer NCDC Physical Planning Act **PPA** Physical Planner Environment **PPE PNG** Papua New Guinea Seventh Day Adventist **SDA** SP Strategic Planning TPO Tree Preservation Order UDP Urban Development Plan **UPNG** University of Papua New Guinea **United Nations** UN Waigani City Centre WCC Water Sensitive Urban Design

**WSUD** 

WFL YFL

Walk for Life

Yoga for Life

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

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This Document is in its draft form for purposes of Statutory Public Consultation. Any information contained in this Policy will be reviewed before finalization of this Policy.

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#### **Project Team:**

- 1. Ms. Gertrude Miria, Physical Planner Environment
- 2. Eddly Joel, GIS Technical Officer
- 3. Joshua Taria, GIS Data Entry Clerk
- 4. Mark Gepa, Physical Planner Demography
- 5. Stanley Kevai, Assistant Planner Demography
- 6. Sato Tande, GIS Technical Officer
- 7. Marie Simon, Research Officer Transport Infrastructure
- 8. Winifred Giarua, GIS Data Entry Clerk
- 9. Hens Gene, Lands Officer (Urbanization Section)
- 10. Rawa Kapituakana, Surveyor (Urbanization Section)

## **PART A: BACKGROUND**

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The quality and quantity of open spaces, sports and recreational facilities have been a pressing issue in the National Capital District (NCD). There has been a significant reduction in the resources dedicated to maintaining these places and a decline in their quality. There has been a great decline in funding and investment in open spaces by National Capital District Commission (NCDC) resulting to loss of open spaces to private entities and squatter settlements and deteriorating recreational facilities. The continued development in the National Capital District have put increased demand for open spaces and recreation areas. For example, the infill developments in residential areas have caused loss of open space zoning and place greater demand for public recreational spaces within residential and built up areas. Given the limited amount of open spaces in many parts of the city, it is important that the NCDC makes the most of its open space network by striving to achieve high quality standards. Open space is a land use zoning in its own right and should be planned in the right location and conveniently visible, accessible, functional and usable to all segments of the population including the disables.

The current internal and external funding should be assessed and levels and distribution of existing revenue and capital expenditure should be identified in order to tap into alternative funding sources. An example would include developer contributions and private business contribution as part of community service to the people. It is very important to secure enough funds to establish a particular open space area and enough funds for maintenance, protection and monitoring to ensure longevity of the open spaces. Without this money and public participation, plants die, the soil is compacted, the area may be vandalized or covered with litter, and could become crime-ridden or taken over by squatters, thus losing the benefits that they were designed to generate.

The challenge for NCDC now is to reinvigorate our open spaces, recreational parks and sporting fields with new features and facilities that will put them at the centre of an urban renaissance. It needs joined-up thinking to provide a platform for new partnerships and initiatives and to gain political and community support. This cannot be done without a policy which will provide a strategic approach to open spaces with a vision for making a diverse, attractive and well-managed networks of green spaces as an integral part of our urban environment and the way we choose to live in the city.

#### 1.1 PURPOSE

To provide a strategic approach in assessing the needs of the community purposely for planning an open space network that safeguards the future of our open spaces in the National Capital District. The policy provide for a wide range of recreational activities and facilities, and for the protection of the natural and built environment. The policy anticipate that all Open Spaces must be well planned and designed for people to connect with friends, families, neighbors and meet new people through social and physical interaction.

#### 1.2 LEGAL BASIS

Section 5 Considerations of the Physical Planning Act 1989 provides the legal basis from which this policy is formulated. Where consideration is being given to a physical planning matter under this Act, the appropriate authority shall take into account such of the following matters as relevant to the matter under consideration.

#### 1.2.1 Physical Planning Act 1989

- Section 5 (b) "The impact on the environment and, where harm to the environment is likely to be caused, any means that may be employed to protect the environment or to reduce that harm".
  - (g) "Whether land is unsuitable for development by reason of its being, or being likely to be, subject to flooding, tidal inundation, subsidence, slip, bush fire, earth quake, volcanic eruption, or to any other risk whether natural or man-made.
  - (m) The landscaping of the land on which development is proposed and whether trees on the land should be preserved.
  - (n) Representations made by a public authority in relation to the development of an area, and to the rights and powers of that public authority.
  - (p) Policy directives given by the Minister or provincial minister provided that such directives may not conflict with any other provisions of this Act.

#### 1.2.2 Physical Planning Regulation 2007

Section 37 of the Physical Planning Regulation 2007 which provides for "4 hectares of open space areas for every 1000 people anticipated to be resident shall be provided in any development plan covering an urban area and within any proposed subdivision in an appropriate combination of formal sports grounds, parkland and playgrounds".

There are other supporting legislations that guides development and management of open spaces, recreational parks and preservation of the natural environment and these include:

#### 1.2.3 NCDC Act 2001

Section 41 of the NCDC Act 2001 empowers Commission to legislate matters relating to subsection (c) Parks & Gardens and, (d) Physical Planning.

#### 1.2.4 Motu Koita Assembly Act 2007

Section 36 (1) Subject to the Constitution, the Assembly may in so far as Motu Koita areas are concerned, make laws on the following matters –

- (d) Community sport, recreation, cultural and industrial shows and Centre's; and
- (e) Land and land development; and
- (u) Protection of customary sacred sites; and
- (ab)Customary fishing grounds and reefs.

#### 1.2.5 Land Act 1996

Section 52 of the Land Act 1996 states that "Special Purposes Lease to be granted over reserved land," Where Government land is reserved from lease, the land shall not be granted on application or tender, and a special purposes lease over the land shall be issued and registered in the name of the Independent State of Papua New Guinea in this case NCDC.

Section 100 (2) "A special purposes lease shall not be granted for private residence purposes within a physical planning area". Part V of the Land Act provides for the reservation of the land from lease required for public purposes.

Section 67 of the Act states that a state lease shall not be granted for a purpose that would contravene zoning requirements under the Physical Planning Act 1989. Section 125 (2) of the Land Act requires that a license shall not be granted for a purpose that would contravene zoning requirements.

#### 1.2.6 PNG Sports Foundation Act 2005

Section 11 of the Act provide for individuals and groups within the community to have access to and to make use of, the resources, services and facilities of the Foundation, whether or not for purposes related to sport.

#### 1.2.7 CEPA Act 2014

Conservation and Environment Protection Act 2014 provide for the conservation and protection of the environment in accordance with the Fourth National Goal and Directive Principle (National Resources and Environment) of the Constitution.

Section 8 of this Act provide the function of CEPA with special reference to:

- (b) To co-ordinate with provincial and local-level governments and sub-national authorities to foster, manage and monitor environmental conservation strategies and programmes in the country; and,
- (c) In relation to land under the care, control and management of the Authority
- (i) To establish and maintain zoological and botanical parks and gardens; and
- (ii) To permit and assist zoological and botanical research.
- (f) To give advice to the Minister and maintain dialogue with other government agencies on environmental conservation laws and policies.

#### 1.3 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PLANS, POLICIES & DOCUMENTS

In formulating this policy, consideration has been given to a number of Government Development Strategies and Government commitment to the international community on sustainable development and to the promotion of a more active and healthy lifestyle and conservation of biodiversity. This policy will give effect to the provisions provided in the approved local development plans and policies relating to open spaces for passive and active recreation and the natural environment in the National Capital District. Detail evaluation of various policies and plans is outline in Appendix A (2) whilst Figure 1 demonstrate the relationship of open space policy to other related policies.

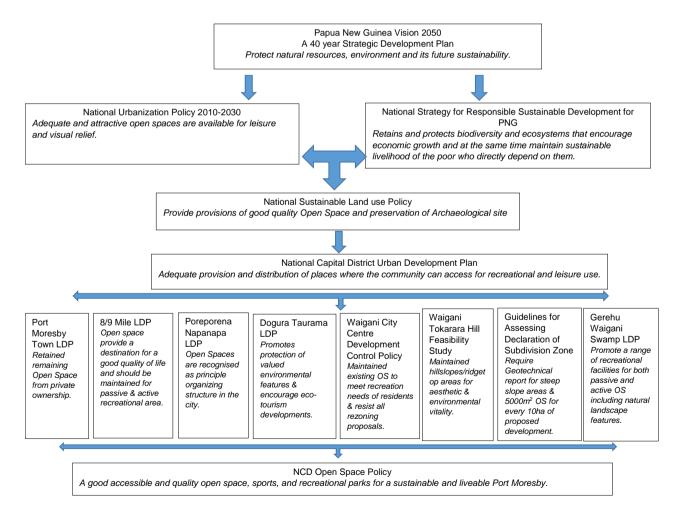


Figure 1: Relationship of Open Space Policy to other plans and policies.

## 1.4 INSTITUTIONAL ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES (MANAGEMENT OF RECREATION PARKS & SPORTING FIELDS).

The responsibility of providing recreation and open space facilities in the National Capital District is shared between government organizations and the private sector. The sole responsibility for planning, development and management of recreational and open space provision lies with the NCDC through its Regulatory Services Department and the Community and Social Services Department. The role of different Government departments is provided in *Appendix B* (6).

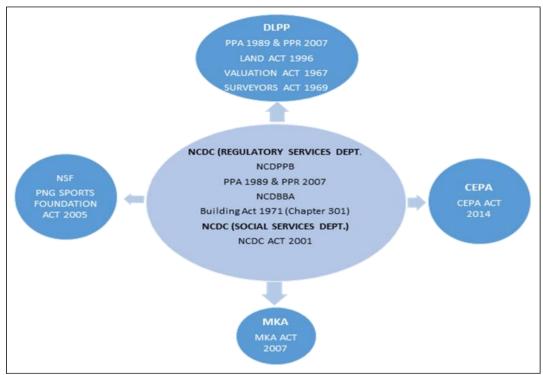


Figure 2: NCDC's legislative powers and functions relating to the management and development of open spaces and recreation parks and its relationship to other legislations.

#### 1.5 APPLICATION OF THE POLICY

This policy will be used to assess all development applications for planning permission pertaining to open space development, allocation and distribution in the NCD. This policy must be read in conjunction with other approved local development plans and policies in the assessment of development proposals for the use of land for sports, outdoor recreational activities and developments on environmentally sensitive areas. The Policy outlines the principles that guide the planning and decision making with respect to the provision of recreational activities, sporting facilities and natural habitat. It also outlines NCDC's key priorities for recreation provision and the actions it will take over the next 5 years to achieve these priorities.

## 2.0 INTERPRETATION (DEFINITION)

All interpretations are consistent with terms defined under Part 1 and Schedule 1 of the Physical Planning Regulation 2007. The following definitions relate directly to the application of this policy:

#### 2.1 OPEN SPACE

Open Space is a statutory land use zone for the provision of open space and recreation facilities for enjoyment of the general public. It is a term used interchangeably with public recreational open space which means land used or intended for use for recreational purposes. Public open spaces also include natural areas consisting of coastal foreshore reserves, waterways, wetlands, areas of escarpment and grassland. These areas are typically less suitable for recreation, but serve other public or environmental purposes, such as drainage reserve for storm-water management, road reserves, asset protection and other buffer zones, habitat protection and lands used for community facilities and other infrastructure purposes.

#### 2.2 PUBLIC RECREATION

Public recreation defined in Part I of the *Physical Planning Regulation* 2007 is use of land for a public park, public gardens, foreshore reserves, playground or recreation ground and sports ground which are normally open to the public with or without charge. It is further defined in Section 37 of the Regulation as open space areas which shall be provided in any development plan covering an urban area and within any proposed subdivision in an appropriate combination of formal sports grounds, parkland and playgrounds.

#### 2.3 RESTRICTED OPEN SPACE

Restricted open space is another important element of open space system and often provided within a private allotment or as part of common property of higher density areas where outdoor spaces may be scarce and its quality is dependent on the house or unit design and orientation (e.g. Islander Village). Restricted open space also includes sports stadiums, golf courses and country club estates where access is restricted.

#### 2.4 CATEGORY OF OPEN SPACES

Open space have many forms and functions and differ greatly in their end use, and can be categorized into the following categories:

#### 2.4.1 Active Open Space

Active open space are areas that provide for organised sporting and recreational functions such as sports fields or ovals for soccer, rugby, basketball, netball, cricket and tennis courts, showgrounds and other outdoor and indoor sports.

#### 2.4.2 Passive Open Space

Passive open space are areas that provide for other recreational needs such as scenic purposes, landscape amenity, picnic areas or other areas where infrastructure is maintained for a specific use, such as playgrounds, bird watching, boating, fishing and other informal activities where users can relax and enjoy the space without a specifically organised sporting activity.

#### 2.4.3 Natural/Green Space

Natural areas are areas with little or no recreational value but serve other purposes such as the protection of sensitive ecosystems, scenic values or as part of stormwater management devices including retention basins and wetlands. These areas may provide some limited uses or similar recreational opportunities, but will often be restricted or have no access at all. According to NCD UDP, it is a term referred to as Green Spaces serving as a protective buffer for environmentally sensitive areas.

#### 2.4.4 Linear streetscape

Streetscapes include landscaped traffic islands/roundabouts and street tree that provide a "softening" effect in a harsh environment of hard infrastructure and built form and enhance the streetscape. In this context referred to as TPO trees and where possible should incorporate Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) to enhance green corridor.

#### 2.5 HIERARCHY OF OPEN SPACES

A hierarchy is a means of categorizing open space according to the range and level of use by the community and on the basis that all residents should be within approximately 300m of useable public open space (*Guideline on Declaration of Subdivision*, 2015).

#### 2.5.1 Local Open Space

Local open spaces are smaller sites of at least **500m² (0.05ha)** which are more passive in nature and provide sitting-out areas and children playgrounds to serve the neighborhood population. For local open spaces serving a larger neighborhood, some active recreation facilities may be provided such as basketball courts (e.g. Gerehu Stage 2 Recreation Park).

#### 2.5.2 District Open Space

District open spaces are medium size sites of **1 hectare** which provide facilities for the core activities and for passive recreation to meet the needs of city residence (e.g. Ela Beach Recreational Park).

#### 2.5.3 Regional Open Space

Regional open spaces are large sites of at least **5 hectares** and provided at prominent central locations close to major transport interchanges where accessibility is easily available. They provide facilities with greater scope than the core activities and serve wider recreational needs of the entire population of Papua New Guinea (e.g. Bisini Sports Oval/Sir John Guise Stadium).

#### 2.6 ACCESSIBILITY

#### 2.6.1 Freely Accessible

Public space is commonly shared and created for open usage without charge and are located within residential neighborhood and Town Centre parks.

#### 2.6.2 Restricted Accessibility

Open spaces with restricted access such as the Port Moresby Golf Course where accessibility is restricted to members only.

#### 2.6.3 Ownership

Publicly accessible parks and open spaces in NCD are under a variety of ownerships. Although, some of these publicly accessible parks have some restrictions and charge for entry and these include:

- Sports Stadiums such as Sir John Guise Stadium, Bisini Sports Oval and Sir Hubert Murray Stadium were under National Sports Federation, Taurama Aquatic Centre Kone Tigers oval was formally under Kone Tigers Trustees, however has been sold to private entity. It is currently under dispute by the Minister Sports and National Events to revoke the Leases back to its original intent.
- Botanical Gardens namely Nature Park and Adventure Park under private ownership and management but are accessible by public at a cost.

## 3.0 SURVEY, RESEARCH & ANALYSIS

#### 3.1 EXISTING LANDUSE

A land use survey was carried out in early 2014 using a desktop Inventory of Existing Open Space within NCD, focussing on the issues of stock, hierarchy, function and quality of existing open spaces. Since then, no further work was carried out until September 2015, a verification survey was carried out to determine existing uses of open spaces using an update Desktop Inventory. Immediately after survey, results were analysed and passed over to the Urbanization Section to carry out further Land File Search with the Department of Lands and Physical Planning.

#### 3.1.1 Available amount of Open Spaces

The available amount of open spaces in NCD is **5114.591ha**, of which **182.5586ha** are developed open spaces. This figure is distributed among built sporting facilities with **154.4616ha** and built recreational parks and gardens occupy **28.0970ha** (Adventure Park & Nature Park). The remaining amount of undeveloped open spaces for passive is **33.9938ha** and active is **44.4667ha** and most are in very poor conditions and in dare need of upgrading. Uncounted open spaces of **104.2028ha** is currently occupied by informal settlements. Table 1 indicate various allocation of open spaces in the 3 electorates in NCD. Tree Preservation Order sites are categorized under linear linkages and provide a scene of green network along road corridor. There are **35** declared TPO sites approved by the NCDPPB protecting **2303** trees of varying species. However, further field survey is required to verify this figure. Moreover, historical trees at 3 TPO sites have been lost to developments such as Ela beach Recreation Park (Casuarina trees), Hunter Street (Mango trees), Koura Way (Neem trees/Rosewood) and Sir William Skate Memorial park (Neem/Casuarina).

Table 1: Stock of open spaces in the three electorates.

OS Classification	Annotation	MNW (Area in ha)		MNE (A	rea in ha)	MS (Area in ha)	
		Developed	Undeveloped	Developed	Undeveloped	Developed	Undeveloped
Counted OS							
Passive Open Space	Р	6.0217	9.0672	22.8586	13.0546	4.7116	5.3103
Recreation park	R <i>p</i>	0.1947	5.066		10.4506		5.3103
Landscape amenity	La		4.0012	0.5886	1.531	0.2416	
Civic Spaces	Cs				1.073	4.47	
Botanical Gardens	Bg	5.827		22.27			
Active Open Space	Α	80.093	5.1569	35.594	0	43.6006	20.2013
Sports Fields	Sf		5.1569				20.2013
Stadiums	St	17.213		34		9.3371	
Specialized sports	Ss	62.88		1.594		34.2635	
Natural Green		0	353.4867	0	4.815	0	557.5059
Spaces	N						
Ridgetop Areas	R <i>t</i>		10.0277		4.815		
Storm water reserve	Sr		2.789				
Wetland areas	W		340.67				82.34
Islands	Is						475.1659
Uncounted OS		20.4758	0	82.141	0	1.4016	0
Linear Linkages	L						
		<b>13</b> (6 sites		<b>19</b> (9 sites		3	
Declared TPO sites	TPO	tagged)		tagged)			
Other							-
Squatter settlement	Sq	20.4758		82.141		1.4016	

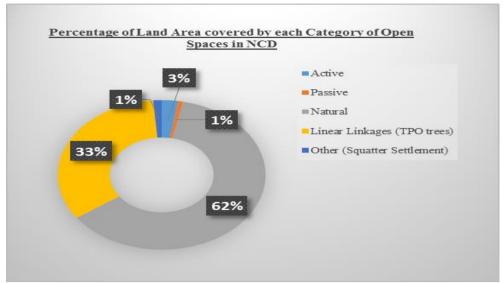


Figure 3: Percentage of land area under each category in NCD.

Table 2: Built Sports and Recreational Facilities in NCD.

No	Built Facilities	Land Description	Land	Ownership	Management	Accessibility
			area			
			(ha)			
1	Sir John Guise	Portions 2040,	17.213	PNG Sports		Public with charge
	Stadium	2131, 1554,1580 &		Foundation		
		1592 Granville				
2	Sir Hubert Murray	Section 61, Lots 1 &	4.5111	Hubert	PSF/Inter-Oil	Public with charge
	Stadium (*PNG	2 Granville		Murray		
	Football Stadium)			Stadium Trust		
3	Bisini Sports Oval	Portion 3155	34	Lloyd Robson		Public with charge
	*Bava Park	Granville		Oval Trustee		
	*National Football			Ltd		
	Stadium (NFS)					
4	Steamships Racquet	Section 68, Lot 2	1.594	POM Tennis		Restricted
	Centre	Boroko		Club		
				Incorporated		
5	Sir Donald Aquatic	Portion 628 &	34.2635	Sir Donald		Public with charge
	Centre (Taurama)	Section 88 Lot 17		Cleland Trust		
		Granville				
6	Nature Park	Portion 1473	5.827	PNG IPA		Public with charge
		Granville				
7	Adventure Park		22.27			Public with charge
8	Port Moresby Golf	Section 276 Lot 4	62.88	Port Moresby		Restricted
	Course	Hohola		Golf Club Inc		
Tota	I	1	182.5586			

In comparison, the NCD UDSS by SMEC 1995 states that total open space area available in NCD during 1995 was **458.4 ha** and further divided into the following proportions provided in table 3. Revision of the 1995 audit appears to reveal some substantial changes in the provision of open spaces in the National Capital District as summarized in Table 1 (above).

Table 3: Available amount of open spaces during 1995 (abstracted from NCDUDSS)

Classification of Open Space	Availability in the NCD		
	Estimated Number	Area (ha)	
Small parks/Children's Playgrounds (all areas less than 0.5ha & used as children's playground)	11	2.4	
Playfields/Sports Grounds	26	259.1	
Other sporting facilities, e.g Basketball, Netball, court facilities	12	31.7	
Developed Parks (areas falling into categories of landscaped parks, gardens, scenic areas & civic space)	9	90	
Beaches or areas of Natural/Scenic Beauty	1	30	
Stadiums	3	45.2	
Total	62	458.4	





Plate 1: Konebada recreational park (170927HEKonebadabeach.jpg).

#### 3.1.2 Hierarchy

The hierarchy of Open Space is determined according to the range and level of use by communities. Knowing why and what an open space or sports facility is there is critical in making judgments about its adequacy in respect of quantity, quality and accessibility. The following hierarchies were used for the purposes of this open space inventory. The community has a diverse range of needs for informal recreation as well as structured sporting activities. The open space needs of the community will be best served by providing a range of different types of open spaces and developing parks and reserves to complement each other, rather than duplicating the experiences provided by each.

#### 3.1.3 Function

The classification of open space involves identifying the intended use or function of each parcel of open space in order to understand the role that different open spaces play within the community is shown in Table 1 and Figure 4. Parks and other types of open spaces play a valuable role in sustainable development; therefore it is important to consider how parks and open spaces have been planned in the past.

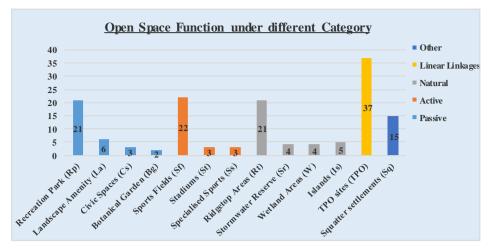


Figure 4: Quantity of different Open space use (counted & uncounted open spaces).

#### 3.1.4 Quality

It was revealed from survey results (Appendix B1: Facility Audit) that all public accessible open spaces were below quality standard with no park furniture, rundown facilities and unusable spaces which need upgrading. In comparison, the recently upgraded stadiums (Sir John Guise, Bisini Sports oval, Sir Hubert Murray and Sir Donald Cleland Leisure Centre) were up to international standards through co-funding by the National Government and private business investors (BSP, Inter-oil, etc). These built facilities are under the ownership and management of the National Sports Foundation (Table 2). The Coronation Park in Downtown Port Moresby will undergo upgrading valued at K900, 000.00 by the Minister for Sports and National Events, Hon.Justin Tkatchenko under his electorate budget. The budgeted amount includes fencing, internal landscaping, architectural drawing & design (Carno & Phoenix Builders Limited) and construction works (source: Post-Courier 2016).



Plate 2: Sporting field at Hohola in poor condition (150807GMTokarara.jpg).



Plate 3: Redevelopment of stadiums (150807GMWaiganicitycentre.jpg).

#### 3.2 REVIEW OF NCD PPB MEETING MINUTES 2005-2015

A review was carried out using the NCD Physical Planning Board Meeting Minutes from 2005 to 2015 to determine Board's Decision on the number of open space applications that were received. 76 formal applications were received by the Board for deliberation. Of these applications, 51 were refused, 2 were withdrawn and 23 applications were approved under the following categories (*Appendix B4*):

- 4 natural open spaces
- 4 natural drainage reserve;
- 8 passive open space;
- 4 active open space; and
- 3 unknown categories (difficult to determine the type of category).

Figure 5 shows that the Board refused most applications with the highest of 16 applications in 2014. It is also noted from the analysis that the 2 withdrawn applications were further deliberated and later approved by the Board. An analysis of the Board Minutes 2005-2015 revealed the following issues:

- Meeting Minutes were not clearly recorded and documented which makes it difficult to determine the type of specific use including the total land area and site location on the NCD Zoning Plan;
- 14 Open space sites were approved by the Board as revealed by Development Control Section. However, there was no record in the Board Meeting Minutes which makes it difficult in terms of matters arising in future, e.g. legal challenge against Board's Decision; and
- Most approved decisions of the Board are not reflected in the NCD zoning plan.

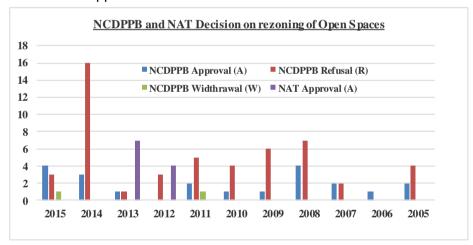


Figure 5: NCDPPB and NAT Decision on rezoning of open spaces.

#### 3.3 REVIEW OF NATIONAL APPEALS TRIBUNAL DECISION

Current administrative processes, in particular the Appeals process, do not seem to support sustainable planning and land use management. These situations result in the NCD Physical Planning Board being forced into making zoning decisions which diverge from the approved zoning. NCDC has never been notified at all to make representation during NAT Hearing to defend its Decisions. A prominent example is provided in Table 4 which indicate that of the 11 cases that have appealed to the Appeals Tribunal against the NCDPPB decisions from 2011 and 2012, Appeals Tribunal upheld its decision and approved all 11 cases. NCDC on the other hand has not pursued these cases further for a legal challenge at the National Court and most of our open spaces have been lost forever to private interests.



Plate 4: Gerehu 3B Recreation Park at Section 416, Lot 01 Hohola (part remains and part taken) (150917GMGerehu.jpg).

Table 4: Open Spaces Approved by the National Appeals Tribunal (DLPP) from 2012-2013.

Site Description	Area (ha)	Category of OS	Change of use	Suburb	Appeal No.	Date	Applicant	Refusal date of NCDPPB
Vacant site adjoining Section 470 Lots 42 & 43 Hohola	0.264	Natural ridgetop	Residential	Waigani Heights	02/2012	15/11/2012	John Leo Kandekali	11/2011 8/12/2011
Portion DA2269 & 2264 Granville	6.118	Natural steep slope	Subdivision zone	Hohola	05/2012	15/11/2012	Star Homes Ltd	01/2012 26/01/2012
Part open space of Section 302 Lot 56 Hohola	0.34	Sports ground	Residential	Gerehu	08/2012	15/01/2012	Marius Kin	04/2009 29/04/2009
Vacant land adjoining Section 93 Hohola Gordons Market	0.7538	Civic space	Commercial	Gordons	15/2012	16/01/2012	Grand Ltd	Non- determination
Part Section 416 Lot 01 Hohola	0.65	Recreation park	Commercial	Gerehu 3B	21/2012	15/01/2013	Kodalane Properties Ltd	09/2012 7/11/2012
Portion 2192 Granville (Jack Pidik)	8.5	Active Showground	Commercial	5mile	22/2011	15/01/2013	Capital Centre Ltd	09/2011 29/09/2011
Open space between Spondias and Sterculia Streets	0.2313	Landscape Amenity (Traffic Island)	Residential	Hohola	25/2011	15/01/2013	Justine Karasa	09/2012 7/11/2012
Vacant land along Baruni Rd close to Baruni Landfill	14	Natural ridgetop	Subdivision zone	Baruni	04/2012	15/11/2013	Paradise Spice & Vanilla Exports Ltd	02/2012 23/02/2012
Vacant land adjoined Section 227 Hohola	1.218	Natural ridgetop	Residential	Tokarar a	14/2012	15/01/2013	Jephat Kol	08/2012 30/08/2012
Open space along Le-Hunte Rd	0.2544	Natural ridgetop	Residential	Koki	13/2012	16/01/2013	Founish Developm ent	08/2012 19/09/2012
Open space along Le-Hunte Rd	0.3010	Natural ridgetop	Residential	Koki	17/2012	15/01/2013	Baliabalia Investmen ts Pty Ltd	08/2012 19/09/2012

#### 3.4 REDIFINITION SURVEY

Due to the large amount of open spaces within NCD, the boundary identification survey was outsourced to private survey firms. The first part of the survey was carried out at Gerehu suburb by Manacon Consulting Engineering Survey Ltd and completed on the 30<sup>th</sup> September 2016 (Table 5). The ID survey will continue to other open space sites in the city. The scope of this project also include the construction of perimeter Fencing/Billboards at all surveyed open space sites which is also to be outsourced to a private firm. It was suggested that boundary ID survey should only be carried out on areas that have no legal description or on identified

open spaces that part of the area has been rezoned and allocated to private entity (e.g. Section 416, Lot 1 Hohola, Gerehu 3B Recreation Park). It was noted that some land parcels in Table 5 have been rezoned and in private ownership therefore any work in line with this must be done well and ensure all information provided is true and will not incur problems later.

Table 5: Complete boundary ID survey site by Manacon Consulting Engineering Survey Ltd at Gerehu suburb.

No	Land description	Locality	Survey Cat No:	Open space type	Zoning status	Strategic Planning Comments
1	Section 302 Lot 56 Hohola	Gerehu Sports Centre	49/2354	Gerehu Sports Oval	Remain OS	
2	Section 273 Hohola	Gerehu		Kasio Circle		Not included in OS listing
3	Section 273 Hohola	Gerehu Sivari Rd	49/1197	Nature Strip		Not included in OS listing
4	Section 512 Lot 24 Hohola	Gerehu - Sivari Rd	49/2170	Drainage Reserve		Not included in OS listing
5	Section 482 Lot 12 Hohola	Gerehu	49/1999			Not included in OS listing
6	Section 483 Hohola	Gerehu	49/1999, 2001,2016	Nature Strip		Not included in OS listing
7	Section 355 Hohola	Gerehu	49/2196	Drainage Reserve		Sited within PJV compound
8	Section 508 Lot 81 Hohola	Gerehu - Sivari Rd	49/2170	Drainage Reserve		Not included in OS listing
9	Section 510 Lot 14 Hohola	Gerehu	49/2171	Drainage Reserve		Not included in OS listing
10	Section 480 Lot 30 Hohola	Gerehu	49/2093	Open Space		Not included in OS listing
11	Section 237 Hohola	Gerehu	49/1196	Nature Strip		Not included in OS listing
12	Section 507 Lot 42 Hohola	Gerehu - Sivari Rd	49/2171	Drainage Reserve	Further verification	Not included in OS listing
13	Section 273 Lot 81 Hohola	Gerehu	49/1125	Reserve	Further verification	Not included in OS listing
	•	Undo	ne and still to b	e outsourced		· · · · ·
14	Section 317 Lots 63 Hohola	Nigibata Road, Gerehu	49/1375	Open Space	Rezone Residential	Remove
15	Section 317 Lots 64 Hohola	Nigibata Road, Gerehu	49/1375	Open Space	Rezone Residential	Remove
16	Section 317 Lots 65 Hohola	Nigibata Road - Gerehu	49/1375	Open Space	Drainage reserve squatter settlement	Remove
17	Section 310 Lot 52 Hohola	Tarumana Aven - Gerehu	49/1374	Open Space	Further verification	Not included in OS listing
18	Section 310 Lot 169 Hohola	As above	49/1409	Open Space	Squatter settlement	Remove
	Section 310 Lot 170 Hohola	As above	49/1409	Open Space	Squatter settlement	Remove
19	Section 393 Lot 2 Hohola	Debone St – Gerehu Stg 1	49/1408	Recreation park	Open space	Ok
20	Section 308 Lot 35 Hohola	Alotau St - Gerehu	49/1362	Open Space	Drainage reserve	Submission to DLPP for Land File Creation
19	Section 416 Lot 01 Hohola	Larata Cres - Gerehu	49/1516	Recreation park	Part Open space & commercial	Submission to DLPP for Land File Creation
20	Section 482 Lot 90 Hohola	Sivarai Rd - Gerehu	49/1025,20 94	Open Space	Further verification	Not included in OS listing
21	Section 480 Lot 50 Hohola	As above	49/1025,20 94	Open Space	Further verification	Not included in OS listing

#### 3.5 CREATION OF LAND FILE AND TITLING

The Urbanization Section of NCDC is working with the DLPP to secure legal title over all open spaces which comprised of recreation parks, sporting fields, natural drainage reserves and ridgetop areas in NCD. In 2014 and 2015 a combined inspection was carried out by NCDC and DLPP as prescribed in *Appendix B* (5). NCDC has purchased 50 Land File hard cover at Government Printing Office to enable DLPP to commence work on Land file creation and proceed with land process for acquisition of land title. Review of the NCDPPB and the National Appeals Tribunal indicates that some major open space areas such as Kone Tigers Oval and Jack Pidik Park have been lost to private entities in the name of commercial development. Progress to date on land file creation is ongoing and NCDC must take a proactive role in ensuring that more land files are created on time in order to secure legal title before they are lost to private entities forever.

Table 6: 2016 Land File Created at DLPP

	LAND FILE CREATION 2016 @DLPP						
ID	Land description	Open space use	Status				
1	Sec 393, Lot 02 Hohola (Gerehu stg. 01)	Recreational Park	Title issued 2017				
2	Sec 416, Lot - Hohola (Gerehu Stg. 3B)	Recreational Park	Work in progress				
3	Sec 310, Lot 69 Hohola (Gerehu Stg. 5)	Squatter settlement	Work in progress				
4	Sec 310, Lot 170 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.5)	Squatter settlement	Title issued 2017				
5	Sec 302, Lot 56 Hohola (Gerehu Stg. 2)	Gerehu sports centre	Title issued 2017				
6	Sec 349, Lot 09 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg. 2)	Squatter settlement	Title issued 2017				
7	Sec 308, Lot 35 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg.4)	Natural stormwater reserve	Title issued 2017				
8	Sec 313, Lot 52 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.5)	Squatter settlement	Work in progress				
9	Sec 431, Lot 78 Hohola (NCC)	Recreational Park	Title issued 2017				
10	Sec 229, Lot 15 Hohola (Toks)	Landscape amenity	Work in progress				
11	Sec 229, Lot 69 Hohola (Toks)	Sports field	Title issued 2017				
12	Sec 395, Lot 23 Hohola (North Hohola)	Natural ridgetop	Title issued 2017				
13	Sec 459 Lot 53 Hohola (Erima)	Sports Field	Title issued 2017				
6	Sec 349, Lot 09 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg. 2)	Squatter settlement	Work in progress				
7	Sec 308, Lot 35 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg.4)	Natural stormwater reserve	Work in progress				
8	Sec 413, Lot 78 Hohola ( NCC)	Recreational Park	Work in progress				
9	Sec 229, Lot 15 Hohola (Toks)	Landscape amenity	Work in progress				
10	Sec 229, Lot 69 Hohola (Toks)	Natural ridgetop	Work in progress				
12	Sec 459 Lot 53 Hohola (Erima)	Sports Field	Work in progress				

**Table 7: NCDC Legal Title to date** 

NCDC SPECIAL PURPOSE PARK RESERVE (99 years lease)							
ID	Land description	Open space use	Hard copy title located				
1	Section 322,Lot 30 Hohola (Gerehu stage 6)	Recreational park	Unknown				
2	Section 230, Lot 61 Hohola (Toks )	Sports field	Unknown				
3	Section 227, Lot 100 Hohola (Toks)	Sports field	Unknown				
4	Section 227, Lot 165 Hohola (Toks)	Sports field	Unknown				
5	Section 236, Lot 93 Hohola (Toks)	Sports field	Unknown				
6	Section 231, Lot 162 Hohola (June Valley)	Sports field	Unknown				
7	Section 232, Lot 162 Hohola (June Valley)	Sports field	Unknown				
8	Section 17, Lot 16 & 17 Hohola ( Hohola Sports centre	Sports field	Unknown				
9	Section 27, Lots 12 & 14 Hohola (Hohola)	Sports field	Unknown				
10	Section 26, Lot 33 Boroko (Boroko market)	Landscape amenity (Car park)	Unknown				
11	Section 06, Lot 19 Granville (CBD )	Landscape amenity (Car park)	Unknown				
12	Section 28, Lot 01 Granville (Ela Beach)	Recreational park	Unknown				
13	Section 28, Lot 06 Granville (Ela Beach)	Recreational park	Unknown				
14	Section 195, Lot 01 Hohola ( Hohola No. 04)	Sports field (with Hens)	Urbanization Section				
15	Section 100, Lot 18 Boroko (East Boroko)	Kipo settlement (Squatter)	Urbanization Section				
16	Section 56, Lot 15 Boroko (China town market)	Civic space (market)	Urbanization Section				
NCD	C SPECIAL PURPOSE LEASES issued on 11th October 2017 on G804	PURPOSE OF LEASE	Hard copy title				
			located				
17	Section 393 Lot 02 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.1)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
18	Section 310, Lot 170 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.5)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
19	Section 302, Lot 56 Hohola (Gerehu Stg. 2)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
20	Section 349, Lot 09 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg. 2)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
21	Section 308, Lot 35 Hohola (Gerehu. Stg.4)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
22	Section 313 Lot 63 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.6)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
23	Section 313 Lot 64 Hohola (Gerehu Stg.6)	Stormwater Reserve	NCD Land Unit				
24	Section 431, Lot 78 Hohola ( NCC)	Recreation Park	NCD Land Unit				
25	Section 229, Lot 69 Hohola (Toks)	Sports Field	NCD Land Unit				
26	Section 395, Lot 23 Hohola (North Hohola)	Ridgetop Reserve	NCD Land Unit				
27	Section 459 Lot 53 Hohola (Erima)	Sports Field	NCD Land Unit				
	TITLE IN PROGRESS (	2016)					
1	Sec 122, Lot 13 Hohola (Unagi park)	Recreational Park	DLPP				
2	Sec 81, Lot 09 Matirogo (Konebada park)	Recreation Park	DLPP				
3	Sec 83, Lot 02 Matirogo (Kaugere)	Unable to locate on zoning map	DLPP				
4	Sec 28, Lot 08 Granville (Ela Beach)	Recreational park	DLPP				

### 4.0 CURRENT TREATMENT OF OPEN SPACES

#### 4.1 ASSESMENT STANDARD

The current treatment of open spaces, sports and recreational parks in the NCD is provided in the *Physical Planning Act* 1989 and *Physical Planning Regulation* 2007 as well as local development plans. A certain amount of open space is required in any development as a 'standard' which is set in Section 37 of the *Physical Planning Regulation* 2007, "*4 hectares per 1000 anticipated residents.*" The Development Control Section assessed development applications and makes recommendations to the NCD Physical Planning Board for distribution and allocation of adequate provision of open space in new subdivisions. In order to assess the adequacy of open spaces, sport and recreation provision, it is important to consider different types of provision and their primary role and function. The quantitative standards are expressed as a number of hectares per 1000 people.

#### 4.2 ALLOCATION OF OPEN SPACES IN A SUBDIVISION DESIGN

A review into five approved subdivision designs in the 9 Mile area from 2010-2014 were analyzed against a *proposed development control* to determine the planning assessment in the allocation and distribution of open spaces within these subdivisions. This control include "For residential development of 300units or more, or for development sites of 15ha or more, 15% of the total site area must be devoted to recreational parks and sporting fields". Given this only three subdivision designs conform to this criteria and the following reveal:

- Boyne Ltd 15% of 16.63ha of 41.82ha =**2.65ha** which is sufficient to what has been provided as **2.3656ha** open space in residential area.
- Bernal No.8 Limited 15% of 18.97ha 32.43ha = 3.8997ha which is sufficient to what
  has been provided as 3.964ha. However, current development on land does not
  conform to the approved design which questions the compliance and enforcement of
  the NCDC relating to Section 81 Agreement provided in the *Physical Planning Act*1989.
- Nipo Investment Ltd 15% of 25.21ha of 39.05ha = 4.304ha which is not equivalent to what has been provided as 0.6460ha. The allocation of open spaces by Nipo Investment is below required standard.

Table 8: Allocation and distribution of open spaces in approved subdivision designs in 9Mile Area from 2010-2014. Details provided in Map 7.

	Allocation of various uses									
Applicant	Location	NCDPPB		Total Land Area (ha)	Commercial (ha)	Residential (ha)	Public Institutions (ha)	Public Utility (ha)	Open Spaces (ha)	Open spaces within Residential (ha)
		Meeting #	Date							
Boyne Ltd	Portion 2152 Granville	05/2014	6/10/2014	41.82	11.32 (74 Lots)	16.63 (524 Lots)	0.6104 (2 Lots)	10.075	2.9151(5)	2.3656ha (2)
Bernal No.8 Limited	Portion 2124 & 76 Granville	06/2013	9/03/2013	32.43	0.4104 (4 Lots)	18.97 (355 Lots)	1.022	6.934	5.082 (3)	3.964ha (2)
Millennium Guards & Security Services	Portion 2171 Granville	07/2012	1/07/2012	5.693	3.261 (27 Lots)	Nil	Nil	1.391	Nil	Nil
Sinnamon Investment Ltd	Portion 2170 Granville	09/2010	30/9/2010	3.652	0.5125 (12 Lots)	2.087 (59 Lots)	Nil	0.9211	0.13392 (2)	0.06159ha (1)
Nipo Investment Ltd	Portion 2158 Granville	01/2016	16/3/2016	39.05	1.184 (4Lots)	25.21 (264Lots)	0.6963 (2Lots)	10.56	1.3948 (2)	0.6460ha (1)

## 5.0 REVIEW OF TRENDS, ISSUES & OPPORTUNITIES

Review of existing trends, issues and opportunities is detailed below.

#### **5.1 EXISTING TREND**

- 5.1.1 Analysis of existing situation and anticipated trend indicate that increasingly developers are subdividing vacant land for residential and commercial developments. Most of the aesthetic and scenic ridgetop areas, steep slopes, flood prone areas and foreshore areas in the city have been sacrificed for construction activities to cater for residential and commercial developments and also taken up by informal settlements.
- 5.1.2 Major public open spaces such as Jack Pidik Park, Kone Tigers Oval, Paga Hill, Turf Club, Section 416, Allotment 1 Hohola and Section 136, Allotment 3 Hohola (next Laguna Hotel) have been lost to individuals and private companies due to leases issued contrary to the original open space zoning. Losses contribute to shortage of open spaces in NCD falling below the recommended provision of the Physical Planning Regulation 2007.
- **5.1.3** Population in NCD is projected to rise in each of the electorates according to Local Planning Areas projections. The provision of open spaces and recreational facilities has not kept pace with new developments and increased population putting more pressure on existing open space facilities.

#### 5.2 ISSUES

- **5.2.1** Our open spaces are not welcoming and under threat of becoming closed and lost forever to private entities due to decline in their quality.
- **5.2.2** The neglect of developing public recreational spaces had always given minimal attention and there has never been a defined public open space system in the National Capital District.
- **5.2.3** There are parks and reserves that are not used and enjoyed because of safety, law and order and maintenance problems.
- **5.2.4** NCDC has no control over the administration and allocation of land in NCD resulting in loss of many of our open spaces for recreational purposes to private interests.
- **5.2.5** There is no representation of NCDC at the National Appeals Tribunal to reinforce the decisions of the NCDPPB. All decisions of the NCDPPB have always been upheld by the Appeals Tribunal giving confidence to developers to pursue further once NCDPPB refused their applications.
- **5.2.6** NCDC has never been given a copy of the gazetted Land Board Agenda Items to make verification of zoning and submit to Land Board Secretariat for consideration during Land Board Hearing.
- **5.2.7** There is no compliance mechanism to tie down the developers to the Section 81 Agreement of the Physical Planning Act 1989 resulting to developers getting away with their commitments to provide provision of open spaces and surrendering leases back to NCDC after 5 years.

#### 5.3 OPPORTUNITIES

- **5.3.1** As the city grows and the density of housing and commercial uses increases, parks and open spaces will become more important because they serve as escape from congested urban life and provide a sense of city's urban form and community identity.
- **5.3.2** As people come to have smaller private backyards, they will be looking to local parks as their backyard which means that the parks need to be user friendly and should reflect some of the features of private backyard (e.g. tree shades, play equipment, toilets & lights).
- 5.3.3 Establishment of NCD Land Unit to work closely with DLPP to protect and retain all open spaces (recreation parks & sports field) and public utility and acquire tittle to NCDC for public purposes. Strong political support from the NCD Open MPs and Governor have shown progress in the issuance of titles in late 2017 under Section 72 (A) Notice of the Land Act 1996.
- **5.3.4** The NCD Physical Planning Board has retained its decision that no open spaces should be allocated to, or allowed for use by private clubs, organizations, or any other use for private purposes and interest.
- 5.3.5 Port Moresby is a member city of the Global Active City Program which is one of the programs of the International Olympic Committee (OFC) that utilize sports and physical fitness to campaign and mobilise communities to drive social and economic change, promote healthy lifestyle and enhance urban ecological services. Some of these programs are Walk for Life Program and Yoga initiated by the NCD Governor Hon. MP. Powes Pakop.
- 5.3.6 There is strong political support for Redevelopment of Ela Beach Recreational Park (NCD Governor) worth of K45.23 million, Redevelopment of Coronation Park (MS MP) worth of K900, 000.00 and proposed 9 Mile Mini Sports Stadium (MNE MP) adding to the stock of recreational facilities.
- **5.3.7** Bootless Bay has been declared as first Marine Protected Area (MPA) in PNG, a project initiated by PNG Government (CEPA) and JICA in partnership with Central Papuan Advantage Church (SDA), UPNG and indigenous landowners.

## 6.0 PROJECTED NEED FOR OPEN SPACES

#### 6.1 POPULATION TREND IN NCD

The population of NCD is growing at a rate of 3.3% based on 2011 census data and is projected to grow at an exponential rate projected to reach more than 500,000 in the next decade. NCD has an increased number of young people, thus the demand for more service facilities will also increase. The population distribution of NCD is clustered into LPAs to determine mobility and prioritized social and infrastructural services such as the provision of open space facilities and allocation. The pie chart in Figure 6 shows percentage distribution of each LPAs. Waigani have the highest proportion of population (16%) followed by University/ Tokarara with 14% and Kilakila/Koki /Badili with (13%). All the other LPAs are in between 5 to 13% while Taurama, NapaNapa, Huhunama and Dogura remain the smallest LPA in terms of population size with less than 2%. The growth rate of each LPA also increased but varied

among the LPAs due to the development planning and service infrastructure of each LPAs as shown in line graph in Figure 6 below. Analysis of population density per open space by LPA is provided in Appendix B (2).

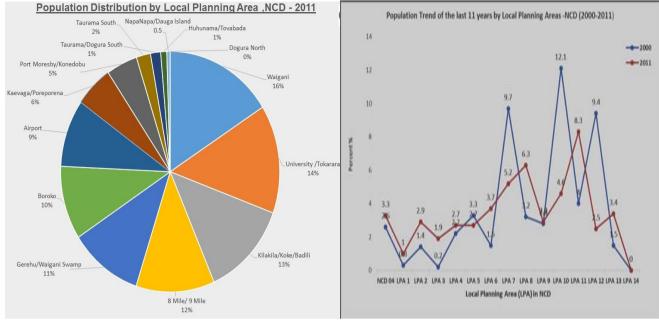


Figure 6: Growth rate and population distribution in percentage per LPA from 2000-2011.

#### 6.2 POPULATION ANALYSIS PER OPEN SPACE STANDARDS

To derive quantitative standards of 4ha per 1000 population at a reasonable level, this standard was compared with the following proportions tabulated in the Table 9 (A). These provisions were analyzed against the high and low population growth from 2011 to 2021 by Local Planning Area to determine open space provision against population growth (Appendix B (2): A & B). The result is provided in Table 9 (B) and demonstrate that as population increases, demand for open spaces also increases putting additional demand on existing recreational facilities. Alternatively, the accessibility and quality standards may be applied to determine whether existing facilities may be upgraded to provide additional capacity. The projected open space requirement for 2016 and 2021 using low population growth is higher compared to the high population growth. Figure 7 showed that increased demand for open spaces are found in LPAs 4, 5, 7, 8, 2 and 6 which corresponds to the high population concentration in these LPAs.

Table 9 (A): Open space Provision of standard.

Open Space function	Proportion (amount in ha)					
Basis: 4ha/1000people						
Sports Centre	2ha per 1000 people resident					
Recreational park	0.5ha per 1000 people resident					
Town Centre parks	0.1ha per 1000 people resident					
Informal parkland & Garden	0.5ha per 1000 people resident					
Others (reserve use)	0.9ha per 1000 people resident					

#### 6.3 POPULATION, RECREATION & LEISURE TREND

Using the low population growth scenario for the year 2016, the projected open space required for a population of 429, 449 is 1718.1ha and is projected to increase to 2025.1ha in the year 2021 with a population of 506, 393. In contrast, the high population growth scenario also indicates that as population increases, demand for open spaces also increases. Using this exponential growth, by 2016 NCD's population will have reached 431, 730 with an open space requirement of 1726.8ha. The population will constantly increase to 514, 599 with 2058.2ha open space required to meet this increase. The demand for open spaces required in each of the LPA is determined by the population growth which is shown clearly in Figure 7. The available amount of open spaces in NCD is 5114.591ha which needs to be protected and retained for future recreational needs. Assessing the current provision against the accessible open space standards shows that in general the quantity of provision is below acceptable standard; therefore raising quality standards at existing sites is a higher priority than creating new spaces at this time. It is shown in Figure 7 that the projected population of LPA 4 and LPA 5 is high with the projected demand for open spaces using both scenarios. In contrast, projected demand for open spaces in LPAs 10-13 is very low due to its low population growth. LPA 14 has no demand for open spaces as there is no population count according to the 2011 National Census data.

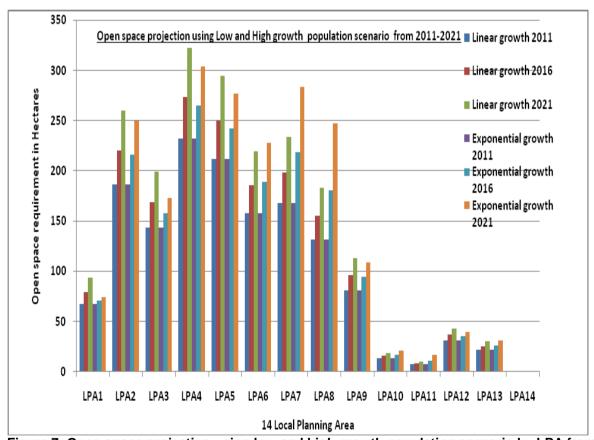


Figure 7: Open space projection using low and high growth population scenario by LPA from 2011-2021.

Table 9 (B): Open space requirement (ha) projected using Low and High population growth from 2011-2021 by LPA. Detailed analysis is provided in Appendix B (2): A & B.

		Op	etailed and en space red		X = (=): :						
	Low gro	wth populat	ion	High grow	th populatio	n econario		Low grov	wth	High grow	th
	2011	2016(ha)	2021(ha)	2011(ha)	2016(ha)	2021(ha)	2011	2016	2021	2016	2021
LPA	(ha)										
1	67.5	79.7	93.8	67.5	71.1	74.6	16 878	40.000			
								19 906	23 477	17 743	18 653
2	187.2	220.8	260.6	187.2	216.6	250.3	46 821				
								55 220	65 127	54 127	62 573
3	143.5	169.4	199.7	143.5	157.7	173.6	35 890				
							00 000	42 328	49 922	39 467	43 400
4	232.3	274.2	322.9	232.3	265.8	304.5				00 107	10 100
							58 093	68 515	80 711	66.400	76 400
5	212.1	250.3	295.1	212.1	242.7	277.7				66 490	76 100
							53 025	62 537	73 756		
							33 023	02 337	73 730	60 689	69 461
6	157.7	186.2	219.4	157.7	189.7	228.3	39 430	46 504	54 846		
							39 430	40 304	34 040	47 443	57 084
7	168.6	198.9	234.6	168.6	218.6	283.7	42 156	49 719	58 638		
							42 130	45 / 15	36 036	54 673	70 908
8	131.9	155.4	183.4	131.9	180.6	247.5	00.000	00.070	45.040		
							32 960	38 873	45 846	45 164	61 886
9	81.5	96.1	113.4	81.5	94.3	108.9					
							20 388	24 046	28 359	23 569	27 247
10	13.4	15.8	18.6	13.4	16.8	21.1				20 000	2, 2, 1,
							3 337	3 936	4 642		
44	7.4	0.0	40.4	7.4	44.4	47.4				4 200	5 286
11	7.4	8.8	10.4	7.4	11.4	17.1	1 872	2 208	2 604		
							1072	2 230	2 004	2 835	4 293
12	31.2	36.8	43.4	31.2	35.3	40	7 792	9 190	10 838		
13	21.8	25.7	30.6	21.8	26.2	30.9	5 483	6.467	7 627	8 830	10 005
							5 483	6 467	7 627	6 500	7 703
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	1450 4	1710 4	202F 4	1456.4	1726.0	2050.2		420 440		0	0
Total	1456.1	1718.1	2025.1	1456.1	1726.8	2058.2		429,449	506,393	431,730	514,599

## 7.0 VALUE OF OPEN SPACES

#### 7.1 Economic value

Good quality parks and open spaces play an important role in marketing Port Moresby as a place to invest and a destination for tourism attraction. Well-managed high quality open spaces provide positive impact on commercial property prices and domestic house prices. The seafront development at Harbor City is an important investment attraction that brings investors, visitors and their money into the city. Current market value for properties at Harbour City ranges from K2, 449, 000.00 to K4, 900, 000.00 according to NCDC Revenue Section.

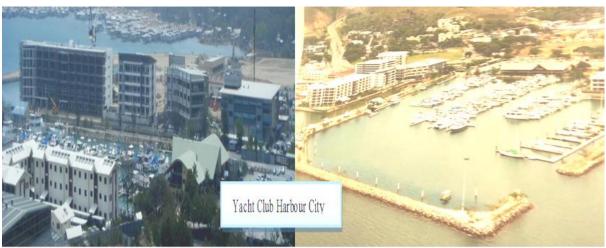


Plate 5: Yacht Club (171013MTKonedobu.jpg)

#### 7.2 Physical and Mental Health

The benefits of open spaces to mental health and wellbeing provide opportunities for people to be more physically active. Access to good quality public open spaces lead to healthier lifestyles by encouraging walking and cycling as alternatives to cars and public transport. The presence of green spaces provide natural views and places to get away from stresses of urban living and working by reducing stress illnesses and the consequent social and economic impact of mental ill health.

#### 7.3 Social dimension of public places

Parks and open spaces bring people together and encourage groups of society such as ethnic, age or gender to interact and foster social ties that help define neighborhoods and make them better places to live. High quality public spaces have the potential to be venues for social events that re-enforce civic society and give a sense of identity to the city. For example, the Ela Beach Recreational Park is considered a culturally significant site of the annual staging of the Hiri Moale Festival and has been used as a public beach since the establishment of the city. Plan is underway for the redevelopment of Ela Beach.



Plate 6: Nature Park (left) and Ela Beach Recreation Park (Right) (16GMNaturePark.jpg).

#### 7.4 Benefits for children and young people

Parks and open spaces are integral part of our quality of life as places to enjoy sport and recreation, appreciate outdoor gathering and for children to play. It is a valuable breathing space within our densely populated city and vital to the success of the urban communities by providing opportunities for fun, exercise, learning and play which is vital for children's physical, emotional and social development.



Plate 7: World Environment Day at Nature Park (160605GMNaturePark.jpg)

#### 7.5 Biodiversity and nature value

Increased developments of hard surfaces in cities contribute to higher temperatures and increases soil erosion and flood risks. More green spaces particularly trees reduce air temperatures and improve air quality and make cities more comfortable places to live. Open spaces when left as natural and wild green spaces encourage conservation of biodiversity and enhanced wildlife habitats and bring city residents close to nature and contribute to physical and mental health of people.



Plate 8: Undeveloped open space at Section 44 lots 23, 24 &26 Granville (Konedobu) opposite Sir Hubert Murray Stadium act as a detention pond for flood control measures during wet season. If properly landscaped can provide an attractive avenue for passive and active recreational activities with playground equipment installed for children to enjoy and play (171013MTKonedobu.jpg).

## PART B: POLICY FRAMEWORK

### 8.0 GUIDING PRINCIPLES

There are a number of guiding principles that can be used to assist in considering how open spaces can be designed and located within different areas and these include:

- **8.1** Balance means providing variety of open spaces to serve a range of different active and passive recreational activities to meet the diversity of community needs.
- **8.2** Access means providing safe and convenient open spaces within communities, shops, schools and other community facilities to reduce walking distances.
- **8.3** Safety means design and maintain open spaces to ensure that public safety correspond to the level of use and targeted user group.
- **8.4** Equity means providing equitable access to parks and open spaces to ensure that the type, location and quality of the infrastructure are evenly distributed within the 3 electorates of NCD.
- **8.5** *Preservation* means using open spaces to protect and enhance the environmental, cultural, and heritage values of an area.
- **8.6** Place-making means locate open spaces to build on the special attributes of an area for long-term public amenity and sense of place such as hill-tops, river/shore frontage and mature trees.
- **8.7** Sustainability means design, development and management of open spaces should respond to environmental values and conditions, community aspirations and economic considerations and must remain viable in the long term.
- **8.8** Water-wise means providing areas within the open space network sufficient to detain and cleanse storm water runoff and avoid impacting sensitive areas.
- **8.9** Water conservation means open spaces requiring irrigation should be located close to retention or detention basins where possible to facilitate the reuse of storm water.

### 9.0 OBJECTIVE

The main objectives of the Policy are:

- 9.1 To set new provision for all existing and new open spaces, sports and recreational parks in the NCD and reserve exclusive areas of an adequate size in new subdivisions for recreational purposes.
- 9.2 To ensure planning provides and maintain adequate provision and distribution of open spaces in the NCD where community can access for recreational and leisure use and enjoyment.
- **9.3** To ensure adequate open space, park, and recreation facilities serve the needs of residents through maintenance and management practices, and expansion of the park system where feasible.

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- **9.4** To ensure that an appropriate amount of public open spaces, Sports and Recreational Parks are provided to contribute towards the recreational and social needs of the community in appropriate locations in NCD.
- **9.5** To safeguard existing open spaces and sites identified for future open space provision and management of open spaces to cater for widespread public demand (maintenance & fund allocation to priority areas).

#### 10.0 DESIRED OUTCOME

The Policy anticipate to achieve the following outcomes:

#### 10.1 ACTIVE

- **10.1.1** Ensure new recreation parks and sporting fields are provided as an integral part of new residential development and appropriate arrangements are made for their management and maintenance.
- **10.1.2** Ensure new recreation parks and sporting facilities are convenient and accessible to all groups of people in the city, particularly children, youths, elderly and disabilities.
- 10.1.3 Design parks and sports fields to complement the cultural preferences of the local population, and provide facilities like paths, running tracks, playgrounds, and sports courts that accommodate a range of activities safely and securely for different age groups.
- **10.1.4** NCDC to manage and maintained facilities and allocation and distribution of funding resources.
- **10.1.5** When designing offices and commercial spaces, provide exercise facilities or walking paths nearby.
- **10.1.6** Design new school physical activity facilities to potentially allow for public use outside of school hours.
- **10.1.7** Provide lights on sidewalks and active play areas to extend opportunities for physical activity into the evening.
- 10.1.8 Activities that generate high volumes of traffic should locate along main arterial roads that are well connected to avoid high levels of additional traffic on local roads that may detract from the amenity of the surrounding area particularly neighboring residential areas.
- **10.1.9** Recreate recreational facilities in an alternative location to substitute for the loss of existing open spaces or recreation facilities.

#### 10.2 PASSIVE

**10.2.1** Preserve archeological, cultural and historical sites for passive recreational activities and ensure development does not destroy areas of historical significance. However, should redevelopment be unavoidable, an equivalent replacement facility should be provided in a suitable location.

**10.2.2** Convert Waigani Swamp into a wetland wildlife habitat for scientific research and for passive recreational activities such as walking, swimming, picnicking, etc.

#### 10.3 NATURAL

- **10.3.1** Preserve and protect all ridgetop and steep slope areas from built developments, informal gardening activities, stone collection and tree cutting. Ridgetop areas and environmental sensitive areas are permanent features and their protection must be maintained.
- **10.3.2** Any associated buildings should be compatible with the natural character of the public open space, including outstanding natural features, areas of habitat and ecological value, landscape, landform and geological features.
- **10.3.3** Existing vegetation must be preserved and integrated into the development scheme and adequate measures must be considered during construction works for protection of tree species that are of historical, cultural and ecological significance.

#### 10.4 GENERAL

- **10.4.1** Prohibit allocation and use of public open spaces to private clubs, organizations or other use for private purposes.
- **10.4.2** All existing recreational areas and open spaces should be retained in public ownership by NCDC and resist all rezoning proposals.
- **10.4.3** Each open space areas must have a site-specific management plan and must have certain degree of community involvement through self-help and corporation for care of their local neighborhood parks.
- **10.4.4** Buildings should be located and design to activate the public open space or adjacent streets to provide interest and safety for pedestrians and those that use the public open space.
- **10.4.5** Create partnerships with organizations to sponsor and maintain sporting fields, recreation parks and declared wetland areas for nature conservancy.
- **10.4.6** Car parking should be designed and located not to adversely affect the open space character, natural landscape or amenity of the open space and surrounding properties.

## 11.0 DESIGN GUIDELINE

#### 11.1 ACTIVE

- **11.1.1** Built facilities of active open spaces such as stadiums that serve multiple-uses are not permitted near public cemeteries, Funeral Homes, Hospitals and place of worship (church).
- **11.1.2** When designing playgrounds, include ground markings indicating dedicated areas for sports and multiple use.

#### 11.1 PASSIVE

- **11.1.1** A minimum of 0.5m<sup>2</sup> of open space per worker must be provided in new industrial, industrial-office, business areas and special industrial areas for landscaping and passive recreation use.
- **11.1.2** A communal garden orderly landscaped with trees, shrubs, flowers must be provided with seating out areas for workers.

#### 11..3 NATURAL

- **11.3.1** In coastal cliff face areas, trails should be designed so that they do not impact on the stability of the cliff and retain as much vegetation as possible.
- **11.3.2** Developments in environment sensitive areas (flood-prone, water front, hill-slopes, fault-zones) should be of specific standards and be assessed on merit, otherwise restrain developments in these areas.

#### 11.4 GENERAL

- **11.4.1** Limit the extent of building and development so that an open and spacious character is retained. The maximum permitted site coverage or cumulative total area of buildings must not exceed 70%.
- **11.4.2** Provide trees with architectural features of cultural and historical significance at the entrances to buildings will strengthen the identity of the building and increase value of the area.
- **11.4.3** Integrate green landscaping into building design to reinforce the identity of a prime commercial development in CBD which is characterized by attractive buildings and landmarks of high quality and high standard of architectural design.
- **11.4.4** Integrate water sensitive urban design concept into the open space design for reuse of waterways for tree landscaping program.
- **11.4.5** Landscaping should be compatible with the rest of the public open space and be sympathetic with the broader landscape character of the area.
- **11.4.6** Environments that have a special natural character, the landscaping must be consistent with the vegetation that occurs in the area.
- **11.4.7** Car parking areas should be convenient, safe, and have an efficient internal circulation pattern.

## 12.0 DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

This section sets out permitted or allowable uses of various categories of open spaces and should be read in conjunction with other detailed local development plans and development control policies in the assessment of development proposals for the use of land for sports and recreational activities.

#### 12.1 GENERAL

- **12.1.1** For new residential of 25 or more units or on sites of 1ha or more, where public open space is provided as an integral part of the development. An exception to the requirement of providing public open space will be permitted in the case of apartment developments or specialized housing projects where a reasonable level of private communal open space is being provided.
- **12.1.2** For residential development of 300 units or more, or for development sites of 15ha or more, 15% of the total site area must be devoted to recreational parks and sporting fields. This means out of the 15ha, 2.25ha is allocated to neighborhood recreational park and sporting field.
- **12.1.3** For residential development of 100 units or more, or for development sites of 5ha or more, an equipped Children's play area will be required as an integral part of development and must exists within reasonable walking distance of approximate 300m of the majority of the units or 15 minutes' walk.
- **12.1.4** Planning permission will not be granted until the developer has satisfied the NCDPPB that suitable arrangements will be put in place for the future management and maintenance in perpetuity of areas of public open spaces through a Legal Agreement Contract binding developer to transfer ownership (title) and responsibilities of open spaces to NCDC<sup>1</sup>.
- **12.1.5** For any event generating noise at public open space areas must get approval from the NCD Physical Planning Office at least two weeks prior to the event and will be assessed on merits (e.g. timing, duration, sound levels, and the compatibility of the noise with the neighborhood) whilst maintaining an appropriate bottom line for noise emission.<sup>2</sup>
- **12.1.6** Recreational and commercial activities within the public open space should be designed and operated to minimize adverse effects on any adjoining residential zone.
- **12.1.7** The open space character of the site must be retained and avoid any adverse effects on the visual amenity and character of the open space associated with the agglomeration of buildings and a structure.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This provision is provided in Section 81 of the Physical Planning Act, however, this has never being enacted upon and developers have not held liable against this provision. It is now recommended that a binding Legal Agreement must be provided by the NCDC Legal Division and signed off by Deputy City Manager Regulatory Services Department, Principle Legal Officer, Legal Division, Chief Physical Planner, DLPP and the Developer. Chief Physical Planner is part of the signatory team to ensure standards are maintained for transparency purposes so no compromise for change of ownership or any other purposes at the DLPP in breach of the Agreement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NCDC may impose conditions on the hours of operation, noise and restriction on the use of amplified music, members attending, lighting and signs associated with these activities.

#### 12.2 SPECIFIC

#### 12.2.1 Active Open Spaces

Built Facility	Permitted uses	Provisio	Minimu	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum	Landscape	Fencing &	Facility	Maximum	Maxim	Other Embellishments
		n	m Site			Car parking		Signboard	Specification <sup>3</sup>	Height	um	
		standard	Area			spaces					Site	
			(ha)								Covera	
											ge	
Sports Centre <sup>4</sup>	Organized sporting and	1 per	2ha	Light	Publicly	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	All sports	2-3 levels	50-70%	Toilets, cafeteria, outer
	recreation fields such	10,000-		green with	accessible	per 2	concept into	Fencing	ovals/courts			bench seats, rubbish bins
	as Soccer, Basketball,	15,000		a dark	with charge	players plus	landscaping	Policy	must comply			pedestrian pathways,
	Netball, Cricket Tennis,			green	and located at	1 car space	plan. Public	No.2/2006	to international			internal roads, lightings,
	Squash, Bowling,			border &	Local Center's	per 15	Art depicts	& Sign	standards			stormwater & wastewater
	volleyball, Gymnasium,			specific	identified in	spectators	PNG	Board				treatment facilities & utility
	Fitness training,			use	the UDP		culture	Policy				easements.
	Activity/Dance,			annotated	2007 <sup>5</sup> .			No.02/2016				
Leisure Centre <sup>6</sup>	Alternative to Sports	1 per	2ha	Light	Publicly	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	All sports	2 levels/1	50%	Toilets, cafeteria, outer
	Centre with ancillary	10,000-		green with	accessible	per 2	concept into	Fencing	ovals/courts	story		bench seats, rubbish bins,
	uses such as concert	15,000		a dark	with charge	players plus	landscaping	Policy	must comply			pedestrian pathways,
	theatre, outdoor open			green	and located at	1 car space	plan. Public	No.2/2006	to international			internal roads, lightings,
	space parkland,			border &	Major Centres	per 15	Art depicts	& Sign	standards.			children swings & slides,
				specific	identified in	spectators	PNG	Board				picnic tables & shelter
				use	the UDP 2007.		culture	Policy				(traditional style huts),

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The development of active sporting facilities will be required to meet the following criteria: (1) identify base population, (2) calculate area required for built recreation building (minimum site area), (3) calculate area required for specific sports activities (e.g soccer FIFA), (4) calculate the area of active open space.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Hohola Sports Centre (Hohola), Unagi park (Gordons), Bisini Sports oval (Boroko East), Sir William Memorial Park (Kaugere/Badili), Kone Tigers oval (Waigani North), 6mile (proposed site in new subdivision), 8Mile (proposed site in new subdivision), Taurama (proposed site in new subdivision), East of Airport (proposed site in new subdivision).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Local Centre's include Hohola, Gordons, East Boroko, Badili, North Waigani, Tokarara, 6Mile, 8Mile, Taurama, East of Airport & Baruni (NCDUDP 2007).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Gerehu Sports Centre (Gerehu), 9Mile (proposed site in new subdivision near public cemetery) and Apex Park.

Built Facility	Permitted uses	Provisio	Minimu	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum	Landscape	Fencing &	Facility	Maximum	Maxim	Other Embellishments
		n	m Site			Car parking		Signboard	Specification <sup>3</sup>	Height	um	
		standard	Area			spaces					Site	
			(ha)								Covera	
											ge	
				annotated				No.02/2016				barbecue, stormwater &
												wastewater treatment
												facilities & utility
												easements
Sports Ground/	Athletics field tracks	1 per 15	2ha	Light	Publicly	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	Comply with	1 level	70%	Toilets, cafeteria, outer
Sports Complex	with seating capacity of	000		green with	accessible	per 2	concept into	Fencing	international			bench seats, rubbish bins,
	10 000 spectators in			a dark	with charge	players plus	landscaping	Policy	standards for			pedestrian pathways,
	standard design sports			green	and located	1 car space	plan. Public	No.2/2006	specific			internal roads, lightings,
	ground, accommodate			border &	along main	per 15	Art depicts	& Sign	sports.			children swings & slides,
	all indoor sports (e.g.			specific	arterial	spectators	PNG	Board				picnic tables & shelter
	Table tennis, squash,			use	/distributor		culture	Policy				(traditional style huts),
	gymnastics) and			annotated	road at each			No.02/2016				barbecue, stormwater &
	outdoor sports				LPA.							wastewater treatment
	activities (e.g. Football,											facilities & utility
	soccer, rugby),											easements.
Swimming Pool	Aquatic swimming		2ha	Light	Publicly	1 car space	Barricades	Comply to	Comply with	3 Levels/2	70%	Toilets,/shower blocks,
complex	facilities for adults &			green with	accessible	per 2	or security	Fencing	International	Story		stormwater & wastewater
	children complimented			dark green	with charge	players and	fencing is to	Policy	Swimming			treatment facilities & utility
	with Gymnasium &			border	and located	1 car space	be of low	No.2/2006	Federation			easements,
	picnic facilities			annotated	along main	per	visual	& Sign	(FINA)			
				with <b>S</b> $m{p}$	arterial/distribu	15spectator	impact (e.g.	Board	Standards			
					tor road.	S	dense	Policy	(50m long by			
							landscaping	No.02/2016	25m wide).			
							)					

Built Facility	Permitted uses	Provisio n	Minimu m Site	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum Car parking	Landscape	Fencing & Signboard	Facility Specification <sup>3</sup>	Maximum Height	Maxim um	Other Embellishments
		standard	Area			spaces					Site	
			(ha)								Covera	
											ge	
Golf Course	Food services, plazas,		5ha	Light	Restricted		WSUD	Comply to	Teeing	Assess on		Stormwater & wastewater
	party areas			green with	access and		concept into	Fencing	ground, water	merit		treatment facilities & utility
				dark green	located near		landscaping	Policy	hazard, rough,			easements.
				border	waterways		plan. Public	No.2/2006	out of bounds,			
				annotated	areas		Art depicts	& Sign	bunker, water			
				with <b>G</b> c	(coastal/Inland		PNG	Board	hazard,			
					waters)		culture	Policy	fairway,			
								No.02/2016	putting green,			
									pin & hole.			
Stadiums	Indoor stadium: multi-		5ha or	Light	Publicly	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	Comply with	Assess on	70%	Toilets, cafeteria, outer
	purpose, Indoor		more	green with	accessible	per 2	concept into	Fencing	international	merit		bench seats, rubbish bins,
	stadium: sports,			dark green	with charge	players and	landscaping	Policy	standards for			pedestrian pathways,
	Outdoor stadium,			border	and located	1 car space	plan. Public	No.2/2006	specific			internal roads, lightings,
	Office, Residential			annotated	along main	per	Art depicts	& Sign	sports.			children swings & slides,
	apartment,			with St.	arterial/distribu	15spectator	PNG	Board				picnic tables & shelter
	entertainment club, and				tor road.	S	culture	Policy				(traditional style huts),
	motel.							No.02/2016				barbecue, stormwater &
												wastewater treatment
												facilities & utility
												easements.
Showgrounds	Annual shows &		2ha	Light	Publicly	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	Open air and	Outdoor		Toilets, cafeteria, outer
	Festivals (Provincial			green with	accessible	per 15	concept into	Fencing	surrounded	open air		bench seats, rubbish bins,
	Days, Hiri Moale,			dark green	with charge	visitors	landscaping	Policy	with traditional	facilities.		pedestrian pathways,
	Independence), Circus			border	and located		plan. Public	No.2/2006	PNG style			internal roads, lightings,
	Shows, Religious			annotated	along main		Art depicts	& Sign	huts.			children swings & slides,
	crusade, Rally,			with <b>S</b> <i>g</i> .	arterial/distribu		PNG	Board				picnic tables & shelter
	Exhibitions.				tor road.		culture	Policy				(traditional style huts),

Built Facility	Permitted uses	Provisio	Minimu	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum	Landscape	Fencing &	Facility	Maximum	Maxim	Other Embellishments
		n	m Site			Car parking		Signboard	Specification <sup>3</sup>	Height	um	
		standard	Area			spaces					Site	
			(ha)								Covera	
											ge	
								No.02/2016				barbecue.
Country club	Yacht club, waterfront	5ha/1000		Light	Restricted	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to				Cafeteria, outer bench
estates	resorts,			green with	access and	per 3	concept into	Fencing				seats, rubbish bins,
				dark green	located along	workers	landscaping	Policy				pedestrian pathways,
				border	waterfront	plus 1 car	plan. Public	No.2/2006				internal roads, lightings,
				annotated	areas.	space per 5	Art depicts	& Sign				children swings & slides,
				with <b>C</b> c		members &	PNG	Board				picnic tables & shelter
						1 car space	culture	Policy				(traditional style huts),
						per 10		No.02/2016				barbecue, stormwater &
						visitors						wastewater treatment
												facilities & utility
												easements.

# 12.2.2 Passive Open Spaces

Туре	Permitted uses	Land	Minimu	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum	Landscape	Fencing &	Maximum	Management	Other Embellishments
		area/per	m Site			Car parking		Signboard	Site		
		1000	Area			spaces			Coverage		
		populatio									
		n									
Neighborh	Children playgrounds, informal play	0.5ha	300m <sup>2</sup>	Light	Accessible	N/A but	WSUD	Comply to	100%	NCDC/Comm	
ood	area, kick-about areas, walking-about			green	within 15	allowance is	concept into	Fencing		unity	
Recreation	areas, community gathering, mini sports			annotate	minutes' walk	made for	landscaping	Policy			
park	competition & temporary garage sales.			d with	by residents	bicycle park	plan.	No.2/2006 &			
				Ср				Sign Board			
								Policy			
								No.02/2016			
Parks &	Botanic Gardens, PNG rainforest,	1-5ha	1ha	Light	*Located in	1 car space	WSUD	Comply to	100%	Private	Toilets, cafeteria, souvenir
Gardens	Wildlife sanctuary native to savanna			green	areas of	per 5	concept into	Fencing			shops, outer bench seats,
(District)	grassland, Garden Centre, picnic area,			annotate	special interest	workers plus	landscaping	Policy			rubbish bins, pedestrian
	outdoor social gathering such as			d with	& adjoins other	1 car space	plan. Public	No.2/2006 &			pathways, internal roads,
	wedding ceremonies, photography,			Pg	community	per 10	Art depicts	Sign Board			lightings, children swings
	outdoor gardens, Walkways, Recreation				facilities.	visitors	PNG culture	Policy			& slides, picnic tables &
	trails, Cycle ways and promotional				*5km from			No.02/2016			shelter (traditional style
	activities, educational activities such as				most						huts/haus-wins),
	WED, Book Week, etc. Commercial				residence and						barbecue, water taps,
	ancillary uses such as Plaza's and				close to a						
	Business premises for the sale of food				distributor or						
	and drink including licensed premises,				main arterial						
	restaurants and cafes are allowed in				roads and						
	some of these open space				within walking						
	environments.				distance of						
					regular public						
					transport						

Туре	Permitted uses	Land area/per 1000 populatio n	Minimu m Site Area	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum Car parking spaces	Landscape	Fencing & Signboard	Maximum Site Coverage	Management	Other Embellishments
Town Centre parks	Informal day-to-day activities such as resting, people watching, eating lunch meeting friends, children's play, reading, chatting, busking and street art along with planned activities such as markets, schedule performances, festivals, parades, political rally, religious outreach and awareness programs, and other events.	0.1ha		Light green annotate d with TCp	Surrounded by pedestrian through-movement where there is good visual and physical access	N/A	WSUD concept into landscaping plan. Public Art depicts PNG culture	Comply to Fencing Policy No.2/2006 & Sign Board Policy No.02/2016		NCDC	Seats, tables, rubbish bins, pedestrian pathways, lightings, children swings & slides, shade trees, raised lawn, seating ledges & varied floorscape pavements.
Amenity reserves <sup>7</sup>	Art & Music Performance, Outdoor special events such as Political & religious rally, Awareness activities, informal sports & training, Water & Sewerage Mains, Power-lines, Telecommunication lines, Mini Markets, Walkways, Cycle ways, Carparks.	N/A		Light green with dark yellow boarder		N/A	WSUD concept into landscaping plan.	Comply to Fencing Policy No.2/2006 & Sign Board Policy No.02/2016		NCDC	Seats, rubbish bins, , lightings, children swings & slides, shade trees, raised lawn, seating ledges, stormwater & wastewater treatment facilities & utility easements.
Memorial parks	War Cemetery, Monuments of War Heroes, War relics, walkways, internal roads, ceremonial garden, Chapel, social gathering park.	5ha		Light green with dark green			WSUD concept into landscaping plan. Public Art depicts			NCDC/AUSAI D/JICA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Where practical, car parking and access should be designed and located so as to enable its join use by other activities that use the open space.

Туре	Permitted uses	Land	Minimu	Colour	Accessibility	Minimum	Landscape	Fencing &	Maximum	Management	Other Embellishments
		area/per	m Site			Car parking		Signboard	Site		
		1000	Area			spaces			Coverage		
		populatio									
		n									
				boarder			war				
				and			heros,war				
				annotate			relics, war				
				d with			amination				
				specific							
				use.							

# 12.2.3 Natural/Green Spaces

Types	Permitted uses	Development control
Stormwater	Storm drains, Buffer, Boardwalks,	*Adopt environmental and sustainable design (Water Sensitive Urban Design) and landscape with vetiver grass/lemon grass with native eucalyptus trees to along
reserves	TPO	drainage reserves to complement drainage channels and enhance their amenity value.
(drainage		*Existing natural streams should be preserved and drainage channels/systems should be revitalized for irrigation purposes.
reserves)		*Encourage tree planting scheme in this area and should be protected under TPO.
		*All drainage reserves and landscape amenities must be built with bollards and landscape with trees that will be protected under TPO.
		*Rehabilitate creek networks and converting the waterways into attractive green areas for walkways/pedestrians and cyclists;
Hillslope	Scenic view look-outs, Recreational	*High sloping areas of more than 20% slope and 20 degrees or more are considered unsuitable for development
areas/ridgetop	trails and walkways, Quarries,	*Grading should be avoided in areas where the slope is greater than 25 percent.
areas/coastal		*New buildings located on ridgetop areas must be designed to minimize impacts on views to acceptable building heights strictly adhered to prominence of these
cliffs		features.
		*Drainage channels should receive a naturalizing treatment including native rock and landscaping.
		*Existing vegetation must be preserved and integrated into the development scheme and adequate measures must be considered during construction works for
		protection tree species that are of historical, cultural and ecological significance.
		*In coastal cliff face areas, trails should be designed so that they do not impact on the stability of the cliff and retain as much vegetation as possible.
		*Natural or man-made slopes should be covered with vegetation.
		*Existing vegetation must be safeguard and planted with tree and shrub to enhance slope appearance
		*Vegetation chosen must be suitable to soil depths of the slope, e.g. on thin soil, grass, grass cover and climbers should be considered and on deep soil larger
		trees and shrubs are recommended.

Types	Permitted uses	Development control
		*Existing trees should be retained unless for genuine need and make replanting a condition.
		*Vetiver grass is encouraged on hill slope areas.
		*Restoration plans must be in place at initial start of the quarry and form part of the development application to the NCD PPB.
		*Re-contouring for mass tree planting of native species and vetiver grass on exposed areas for erosion control and restoration to natural outlook.
		*Implement development planning based on environmental impact assessments and recommended mitigatory actions.
		*Ensure development complements the natural features and ensuring that development is subordinate to the ridgelines.
		*Encourage a development pattern and practices which minimize disturbance that causes soil erosion;
		*Ensure view corridors to the ocean and the harbor are maintained.
Fault lines	Geological studies, Geological	*Provide 20m buffer
	observatory stations,	*Restrict built developments close to fault lines.
Wetland areas	Sewerage ponds, Conservation	*Promote Eco-tourism activities.
of biotic	purposes, Scientific research, picnic,	*Implement development planning based on environmental impact assessments and recommended mitigatory actions.
significance	jetties, boardwalks, pedestrian	*Ensure protection and stability of coastlines and natural water ways through application of best practices and management principles.
	bridges, research station, workers	*Pedestrian and cyclist access is provided along the riverbank and includes pedestrian/ bikeway paths and passive recreation features such as seats, and viewing
	residence, village bungalows,	areas.
	conference room	*Aquatic environments must be maintained to a good standard to maintain a quality ecosystem and a safe setting.
Islands	Picnic areas, diving, snorkeling,	*Developments in this area should be of minimal impacts
	Resort development, jetties,	*Promote Eco-tourism activities
	Conservation purposes, Scientific	*Ensure protection and stability of coastlines and waterways is maintained through application of best environmental practices and management principles.
	research, Game fishing, hiking,	*Promote beachfront bungalows for holiday getaways
	boardwalks, scenic view look-outs,	
	village bungalows, workers quarters,	
	conference rooms, souvenir shop	
Foreshore	Commercial apartments of unique	*Maintain coastal vegetation mostly of mangroves to act as coastal buffer.
(coastline and	designs, Yacht club, jetties,	*Ensure protection and stability of coastlines and waterways is maintained through application of best environmental practices and management principles.
waterfront)	recreation parks, children	*Ensure view corridors to the ocean and the harbor are maintained.
	playground, boardwalks, Beach	*Pedestrian and cyclist access is provided along the riverbank and includes pedestrian/ bikeway paths and passive recreation features such as seats, and viewing
	bungalows	areas;

Types	Permitted uses	Development control
Linear	TPO sites along road reserves,	*Create avenues of trees and shrubs preferably native species or those that grow well in Moresby climate along central dividers, pavements of road corridors and
streetscape	Buffer, Utility service facilities,	in pedestrian areas.
corridor	pedestrian walkways, cycle trails,	*All Roadside trees <sup>8</sup> must be planted at a minimum of 5m away from the edge of the roads and 12m apart in the row, so that they get enough space for spreading
	boardwalks.	and do not interfere with the traffic. For Main Arterial roads/Highways, double rows of trees should be planted.
		*Pedestrian footpaths must be built behind the trees for road safety purposes.
		*Avoid growing trees and shrubs that obscures the visibility of road signs, traffic lights, CCTV, bus stops and intersections, sight-lines for pedestrians and drivers.
		*Median strips of the roads must be landscaped with grass swales, shrubs, and palms.
		*Utility Service Facilities such as pumping stations, sewerage treatment works, power-line reserves, refuse collection points must be protected with tree planning
		and bollards created all around the perimeter of these facilities. These areas can be utilized by communities for leisure activities.
		*Recreational trails, walkways and cycle ways should provide for safe and convenient access for users including safe connections with the existing road network.
		*Development is designed and located to ensure existing connectivity is maintained between canopy trees within and external to the site and enhancement of the
		connection between canopy trees through appropriate landscaping with local providence canopy species;
		*Integrate existing tree cover into TPO program and where additional planting is required, native species is preferable to maintain a healthy, balanced, mixed-age
		tree stock throughout the city;
		*Tree planting schemes (program) of new trees, & replacing trees be incorporated into the TPO program to improve the quantity, quality and variety of the city's
		tree stock;
		*Make bicycle and pedestrian routes to parks and public spaces safe and visible;
		*Any pruning undertaken on TPO trees shall be done by Parks officers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Recommended tree species for Main Arterial Roads, Distributor roads, Collector roads and Access roads is provided in Appendix C.

# **13.0 ACTION PLAN**

The Action Plan provided in the table below sets out keys areas for immediate to long term development priorities and actions to be taken for successful implementation of the Open Space Policy for a 5 year period commencing 2016-2021.

Key Area	Goal	Strategies	Actions to be taken	Target	Timescale	Responsi	bilities for	Costing	Status
					for action	delivery			
						Internal	External		
Redefinition	To acquire legal	*To ensure all open spaces,	*On site supervision of the	*12 sites have been surveyed at	Sept	NCDC	*DLPP	To be	Work in
survey of all	description for	recreation parks & sporting fields	execution of the field survey from	Gerehu area by Manacon	2016-2018		*Private	determined	progress
open spaces	all open spaces,	are surveyed and legal	start to completion by NCDC	Consulting Engineering Surveyors			survey firm	by	
without legal	recreation parks	description is allocated	Surveyor	in September 2016.				Urbanization	
description.	and sporting	accordingly by the Office of	*NCDC Surveyor to ensure all field	*Survey firms short-listed for other				Section.	
	fields on state	Surveyor General, DLPP.	works and processing of the final	sites					
	land in NCD.		ID Survey Plan by private surveyor						
			is complied with the Instructions						
			set by NCDC.						
Compulsory	To ensure	*To maintain and protect all	*Urbanization to organise Site	*NCDC has purchase 50 Land File	2016-2021	NCDC	DLPP	To be	11 Leases
acquisition of	NCDC acquire	open spaces, recreations parks	inspection with various Sections of	hard cover at Government Printing				determined	issued to
legal title by	legal title for all	and sporting fields.	NCDC	Office (GPO)				by	NCD Land
NCDC	open spaces,	*NCDC to provide incentives to	*Combine inspection by NCDC &	*13 sites in the Milinch of Hohola				Urbanization	Unit and
	drainage	DLPP staff to fast tract the	DLPP	was submitted to DLPP on the				Section.	gazetted
	reserves,	process of titling process.	*Urbanization to develop report	18/10/2016 for creation of Land file					on
	recreation parks	*Ensure an MOA is established	and submit to DLPP for Land file	*All land file creation for other					11/10/17
	& sporting fields	between DLPP and NCDC to	creation.	Milinch areas will continue in 2017					on G804.
	in NCD.	strengthen coordination and	*Issuance of LG & LAF, Valuation	*NCD Land Unit secure 11open					
		working relationship	and submission to Register of Title	space titles under NCDC (7					
		*To ensure all due processes	for the hard owner's title copy.	Recreation Park Leases, 2 Sports					
		are completed on time and to	*Regular visit by Lands Officers to	Leases, 1 Stormwater Reserve					
		satisfactory standard	DLPP	Lease & 1 Ridgetop Reserve					
		*Establishment of NCD Land		Lease)					

Key Area	Goal	Strategies	Actions to be taken	Target	Timescale	Responsi	bilities for	Costing	Status
					for action	delivery			
						Internal	External		
		Unit with strong political support							
		by MS MP (Hon.J.Thachenko) &							
		NCD Governor (Hon.Powes							
		Parkop) to protect and retain all							
		open spaces for recreational							
		purposes.							
Concept	To provide	To ensure all recreation parks	*Prepare TOR, mobilize funds and	*Ela Beach Redevelopment into 3	2018-2022	NCDC	*Office of	To be	Work to
design of	attractive and	and sporting fields have quality	engage consultant.	precincts will commence in 2017			the MP's	determined	commenc
architectural	good quality	concept design of manageable	*Call for tender and successful	*Coronation Park upgrading site			*Developers	by Manager	e in
drawing	standards of all	and cost-effective principle.	applicant to proceed with the	will commence in 2018.			*Private/Pub	Strategic	2018/2019
	recreation parks	*To raise standards of strategic	project.	*Priority areas for redevelopment			lic	Planning	
	and sporting	sports centres	*NCDC to apply these design	and upgrading include Gerehu			partnership		
	fields through	*Increase levies on infill	principles to new and existing sites	Sports Centre, Hohola Sports					
	concept design	developments to cover the cost	prioritize for redevelopment and	Centre, Unagi Park, Sir William					
		of upgrading.	upgrading projects by NCDC or	Memorial Park, Consolidate					
		*Ensure the concept design	Political MP's for the 3 electorates	Section 44, Lots 23, 24 & 26					
		incorporate water sensitive	including NCD Governor.	Granville (Konedobu), Erima					
		urban design principles.		wildlife sports ground on Section					
				459 Lot 53 Hohola, Morata Sports					
				ground.					
Site specific	Prepare a site	To ensure all strategic sports	*Management plan will be	*Facility Audit survey to be carried	2018-2022	NCDC		To be	Work to
management	management	centres, neighbourhood parks	prepared prior to acquisition of	out to verify existing information				determined	commenc
plan	plan of each	and town centre parks have a	survey plan and legal title of	*Conduct community workshop as				by Manager	e after
	open spaces	site management plan	specific open space site	a bottom-up planning concept so				Strategic	statutory
			*Carry out land use survey to	communities take ownership and				Planning	consultatio
			determine existing situation on	responsibility in the day-day care					n of the
			site.	and management of the park					policy.

Key Area	Goal	Strategies	Actions to be taken	Target	Timescale		bilities for	Costing	Status
					for action	delivery			
						Internal	External		
			*Carry out statutory public						
			consultation to include community						
			in the planning process.						
Source	To deliver key	To secure external funding	*Liaise with Department of	*Develop a project proposal to	2018	NCDC	NPMI,NSF	To be	To be
external	improvements	options through grant	National Planning, Monitoring &	NPMI seeking development grants				determined	determine
funding	to strategic sites	programmes and developer	Implementation to find out on	*Establish an MOA between				by DCMRS	d by
	and meet	contribution.	priority development grants	NCDC/NSF/private developers					DCMRS.
	adopted		relating to urban environment.						
	standards		*Liaise with National Sports						
			Foundation for partnership in						
			developing sporting fields in						
			residential areas to enhance and						
			increase community participation						
			in sporting activities through local						
			competition						
Open space	Set minimum	*Ensure provision of new open	*Apply open space policy in the	*By 2017 all development	2017	NCDC	Private		Statutory
Policy	standards for	space areas are provided in new	assessment of development	applications will be assessed			developer		consultatio
	provision of	subdivision design and proposed	application.	against this policy.					n to
	open spaces in	development plan.	*Liaise with NCDC Legal division	*Develop a Legal Contract					commenc
	NCD.	*It provides the basis in informed	to review the	Agreement binding developer to					e on
		decision in the allocation of	Section 81 Agreement between	transfer ownership (title) and					19/01/18to
		funding resources and exploring	NCD and the developer specific to	responsibilities of open spaces to					27/02/18
		opportunities to develop	open space.	NCDC					
		additional neighbourhood parks	*No planning permission should be	*DCMRS, NCDC PLO, FC,					
		and sporting fields in each of the	granted until developer put in	CPP(DLPP) & Developer to sign of					
		LPAs in NCD	place suitable arrangements for	the Open space Agreement					
			future management and						
			maintenance of public open						
			spaces.						

Key Area	Goal	Strategies	Actions to be taken	Target	Timescale	Responsi	bilities for	Costing	Status
					for action	delivery			
						Internal	External	-	
Open space	Set up an open	To assess the quantity and	Site visits to verify existing	*Develop a criteria and evaluation	Every 2	NCDC		To be	
Audit Team <sup>9</sup>	space Audit	quality of recreation parks,	situation on site in order to	checklist	years			determine	
	team <sup>10</sup> to	sports grounds and other open	evaluate the success of the open	*Inform relevant Sections of the				by	
	conduct an	spaces of passive and natural	space policy.	Commission who will form the				Managers of	
	audit of open	significant.		Audit Team via approval of DCM				each Audit	
	space provision	To ensure no illegal		RS				Team.	
	every 2years	developments occur on							
		designated passive and active							
		spaces							
TPO Design	Develop a	*To provide guidance to	*Carry out site specific research	*Prepare scope of works and	2018	NCDC	NFA, UPNG	To be	To be
Guideline	design guideline	landscaping of tree planting,	on soil, geology, drainage	activity plan in the first quarter of				determined	determine
	for all TPO sites	care and maintenance work for	condition, vegetation to determine	2018				by SP	d by SP
		all approved TPO sites in NCD	suitability of plant species and its	*Prepare an information paper to				Manager	Manager
		*Set out standards on the use of	adaptability to tolerate	the NCDPPB to get its					in the
		trees in landscape design and	drought/heat conditions,	endorsement to carry out the					2018 work
		on the choice of trees, how to	pest/disease and root systems.	project in mid-2018					plan
		plant them and how to take care	*Liaise with UPNG and Forest	*Formulation of Guideline should					
		of them.	Authority to compiled database of	commence by mid-2018.					
		*Once approved by the Board	tree species suitable in the Port	*K200,000.00 has been allocated					
		the guideline will be used to	Moresby climate.	for the tree replanting project					
		assess development	*NCDC to replant 2000 trees along	along new roads					
		applications of new road	new roads in the city	*To be implemented in all Open					
		construction and new		space sites with Title.					
		subdivision developments.							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Audit team will comprise of Planner Environment (Strategic Planning), Compliance Planner (Development Control), Land & Valuation Officer (Urbanization), Parks Officer (Parks & Gardens Section), Revenue Officer (Revenue Section) and Sports Coordinator (Sports Desk).

## 13.0 REFERENCE

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- Snowy Mountain Engineering Cooperation (SMEC) PNG Limited (2007), Port Moresby
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# 14.0 APPENDICES

# **APPENDIX A: (1) Open Space Category definitions**

Category	Туре	Definition
Active open space	Sports ground	A sportsground is an area of open space that primarily used for formal sport through playing fields and other structures, e.g. soccer field, football oval, cricket field, softball diamond, hockey field, tennis or netball courts. It can also be used for recreation activities and other informal recreation, social, cultural and leisure activities.
	Stadiums	A stadium (stadia) is a place or venue for mostly outdoor sports, concerts, or other events and consists of a field or stage either partly or completely surrounded by a tiered structure designed to allow spectators to stand or sit and view the event ( <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stadium">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stadium</a> ). There are three types of sports stadia with different function as detailed below.
	Indoor multi-purpose stadium	An air condition building which has a central arena surrounded by spectator seating and accommodate sporting events as well as other events such as roadshows, entertainment, graduations, etc. Sir John Guise Indoor complex building is an example.
	Indoor sports stadium	A built indoor facility for organized training and for international competitions and dedicated to indoor sports. Sir John Guise indoor sports complex.
	Outdoor stadium	comprised of several sporting fields and an athletic 400m running tract that should be of an internal standard with spectator seating capacity for 10, 000-50,000 population. They can also be used for other large-scale open air entertainment and activities. An example is National Football Stadium, Sir John Guise Stadium and PNG Football Stadium.
	Specialized sports	Specialized sports in this context is referred to the facility built purposely for that specific sports requirement and this include Port Moresby Golf Course, Taurama Aquatic Centre and Steamships Racquet Centre.
Passive open space	Recreation Park	Recreation Park are primarily used by community for informal recreation, social, cultural and leisure activities and may also provide for other complementary values such as bird watching, picnic areas, conservation areas, e.g. Varirata Park in Central Province.
	Landscape Amenity	Amenity reserves are land primarily used for landscape for amenity, visual or buffer purposes and may also be used by the community for informal recreation, social, cultural and leisure activities as a secondary function. Some of this areas include traffic islands (roundabouts), streetscapes in road reserves that contribute to a places aesthetic amenity.
	Civic Spaces	Civic spaces are public places that can be used as open forums for people to encounter art, to enjoy performances, and to participate in other cultural activities. Civic spaces in this context include informal markets, memorial parks, etc.
	Botanical Garden	A botanical garden is a garden dedicated to the collection, cultivation and display of a wide range of plants labelled with their botanical names. It may contain animal zoology. Visitor services at a botanical garden might include tours, educational displays, art exhibitions, book rooms, open-air theatrical and musical performances, and other entertainment.
National open	Ridgetop areas	Ridgetop are natural landscapes that provide aesthetic and scenic views.
space	Storm water Reserves	Stormwater/drainage reserves are land areas designated for storm movement or treatment and may provide secondary benefits to support recreation uses and environmental corridors.
	Wetland areas	Wetland is defined by the RAMSAR Convention as "swamps and marshes, lakes and rivers, wet grasslands and peat-lands, oases, estuaries, deltas and tidal flats, near-shore marine areas, mangroves and coral reefs, and human made sites such as fish ponds, rice paddies, reservoirs and salt pans. Wetland areas can be referred to as linear parks or corridor which refers to a continuous length of land that provides a connection or supports movement between open space or other features and facilities. A linear corridor could be designed as a park setting with grassed areas, trees, pathways and seating or include substantial vegetation and provide a movement corridor for birds and other fauna species.
	Foreshore areas	Foreshore refers to the open space along the edge of the coastline, including coastal vegetation. Sections of foreshore open space could be developed to support recreational needs.
	Islands	

# APPENDIX A: (2) Detailed review of approved NCD local development plans and policies.

Existing Plan/Policy	OS Vision	Land Area (ha)	Specific Strategies	Standard
NCD UDSS		324.9	*Provide ample provision of facilities at the local, city & regional levels; *Maintained recreation reserves at a minimum level of 3ha/1000people; *Encourage active participation of communities in the design & development of open space facilities; and, *Promote partnership with traditional land owners for upgrade and easy accessibility of areas such as traditional beaches, foreshores areas & the outer islands.	*3ha/1000 population *Playgrounds/small parks be accessible by user within 5minutes walking distance & should not cross major roadways; *Playing fields & other sporting facilities be accessibly within 15minutes maximum walking distance.
NCD UDP	Adequate provision and distribution of open spaces and recreational areas where community can access for recreational and leisure use.	3597	*Retain all existing open spaces to meet the recreational needs of the residents and resist all rezoning proposals;  *Reserve exclusive areas of an adequate size in new subdivisions for recreational purposes;  *Preserve and restrict built developments on Natural areas such as stormwater reserves, wetland and ridgetop scenic areas;  *Provide ample areas for both passive and active open spaces at strategic locations in the city.	Provisions are provided in detailed LDPs.
POM/TOWN LDP	Important public resource essential to good quality city life.		*Landscape & streetscape upgrading of public recreational parks, sporting facilities & ridgetop scenic lookouts;  *Retain remaining open spaces from being lost to private ownership  *Make available open spaces accessible and safe for public use and enjoyment  *Prohibit allocation and use of public open spaces to private clubs, organizations or other use for private purposes.	
8/9Mile LDP	A destination for major passive and active recreational area.		*Protect ridgetop areas & prohibit built developments above 90m contour.  *Provide modern multi-purpose stadium adjacent main transport route to host international, national & local sporting events.  Encourage  *Promote passive use functions as buffer between incompatible land uses	No detail provision provided so it is superseded by the PPR 2007
PNLDP	Public and civic spaces are recognized as the principal organizing structure in the city.	5,250	*Preservation of ridgetop areas, waterways and areas of high ecological values such as mangroves, reefs, beaches, foreshore areas; *Promote open space connectivity with the bay through: -Movement corridor such as pedestrian/cycle between residential neighborhood & waterfront; -Activity corridor such as gardening, community and cultural facilities along existing waterways; -Green corridor to provide for biodiversity and habitat corridors -Integrating public open space and public buildings supplemented with stormwater detention and filtration elements; *Provide Town Centre in the vicinity of the town and local center's *Promote multi-use of Sports ground by schools for exercise and residents use after school hours; and, *A large sports stadium be built on a reclaimed land north of the proposed Town Centre with good accessibility to public transport and amenities.	*4ha/1000population is distributed into the following proportions: -Children's playground 0.5ha/1000people resident -Formal community sports ground 2ha/1000 people resident -Town Centre parks 0.1ha/people resident -Informal park 1.4ha/people resident.

Existing Plan/Policy	OS Vision	Land Area	Specific Strategies	Standard Standard
DTLDP	Protection of valued environmental features potential for eco-tourism activities.	(ha) 2470	*Preservation of waterfront areas, bay front areas & ridgetop areas; *Permitted uses within the Bootless Bay EPA will be approved in the presence of an approved environmental impact report; *Promote and encourage eco-development/environmentally sensitive development techniques along bay front areas to minimize negative impacts to the surrounding landscape.	*Provision set in Section 37 of Physical Planning Regulation 2007; *20m Bay Environment Protection Buffer; *90m Landscape Protection Area; *30% slope gradient *Approved EIA report for Environment sensitive areas; *10% (0.1ha) of 1ha residential land use be allocated to open space & public parks.
WCCDCP		78.533	*Retain all existing open spaces to meet the recreational needs of the residents and resist all rezoning proposals;  *Protect and restrict developments on Natural areas such as stormwater reserves, wetland and ridgetop scenic areas;  *Ensure enough open space is available for city residence to enjoy now and in the future;  *Ensure that open spaces act as a valuable buffer between different land uses in order to combat environmental pollution and maintained wildlife habitat;  *Provide open spaces adjacent to special features to maximize its quality, use and enjoyment by city residence  *Access to open spaces must be through a clear designated route and entrance in order to minimize pedestrian vehicular conflict.  *Established a parkland and recreation amenities at Constitutional Park.	
Waigani/Tok arara Hill Feasibility Study	Hillslopes & ridgetop areas create a sense of spatial enclosure as a defining natural character.	70.18	*No developments on highly sloping land of more than 20% gradient for preservation and protection of ridgetop areas and maintain it for aesthetic and environmental vitality.	
Guidelines for Assessing Declaration of Subdivision Zone	Sensitive planning is required in the declaration of steep slopes	6659	* Provide Geotechnical reports to confirm suitability of slopes and elevation within: -more than 90m contour and less than 20% slope; -below 90m contour & 20% slope -conditions of soil and rock types. *Minimize impacts on the natural environment and reduce risks to public health, safety and welfare from unmanaged disturbance of steep slopes.	*5000m² open space for every 10ha of land proposed to be developed *300m usable open space area.

# APPENDIX B: (1) Facility Audit Land use survey result (2015)

No	Park Description	Land Area	Category	Function (Purpose)	Hierarchy	Accessibility	Suburb LPA	Status/Condition	Cat #	ID surv ey	Lease Ownership	Lease type
1	Kasio Cirle round-about	2.818	Passive	Landscape amenity	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	TPO trees, fountain, Xmas lights		Yes		
2	Gerehu Stage 2 Recreational Centre	0.6442	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	Run-down facilities				
3	Section 486, Lot 23 Hohola (Walala compound)	0.0589	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	Poor condition				
4	Nature-Strip reserve front of Section 486 Hohola and along Keni-Vani Rd (Walala compound)	1.079	Passive	Landscape amenity	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	Poor condition		Yes		
5	Section 393, Lot 02 Hohola	0.3609	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 1 (6)	Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804	49/1408		NCDC	SPL (RP)
6	Section 416, Lot 01 Hohola (Stg 3B recreational park)	0.9274	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 3 (6)	Rundown-facilities	49/1515 -1516		LFC (2016)	(1217)
7	Section 322, Lot 30 Hohola	2.609	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 6 (6)	Surrounded by bush		Yes	NCDC	
8	Drainage reserve within Section 355 Hohola PJV Compound	1.193	Natural	Stormwater reserve			Rainbow (6)	Drainage reserve				
9	Section 310, Lot 169 Hohola	0.2453	Squatter	Squatter	Squatter		Gerehu Stg 5 (6)	Informal settlement	49/1409	Yes	LFC (2016)	
10	Section 310, Lot 170 Hohola	0.2935	Squatter	Recreation park	Local		Gerehu Stg 5 (6)	Informal settlement. Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/1409		NCDC	SPL (RP)
11	Section 302, Lot 56 Hohola (Gerehu Sports Centre)	8.886	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	Run-down facilities. Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/2354	Yes	NCDC	SPL (RP)
12	Section 349, Lot 9 Hohola	1.505	Squatter	Recreation park	District		Gerehu Stg 2 (6)	Informal settlement. Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/2080		NCDC	SPL (RP)
13	Drainage reserve bounded by Sections 237,346-348,341,345,250,306 Hohola	11.56	Squatter	Squatter	Squatter		Gerehu Stg 2-5 (6)	Drainage reserve part area upgraded				
14	Section 308, Lot 35 Hohola	1.596	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Gerehu Stg 4 (6)	Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/1362	Yes	NCDC	SPL (RP)
15	Section 313 Lot 63 Hohola	1.51	Squatter	Recreation park	Squatter		Gerehu Stg 6 (6)	Informal Settlement Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/2329	Yes	NCDC	SPL (RP)
16	Section 313 Lot 64 Hohola	1.51	Squatter	Stormwater Reserve	Squatter		Gerehu Stg 6 (6)	Informal Settlement Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/2329	Yes	NCDC	SPL (SR)
17	Section 317 Lot 65 Hohola	2.492	Squatter	Stormwater reserve	Local		Gerehu Stg 6 (6)			Yes		
18	Gerehu Swamp	70.59	Natural	Wetland	Squatter	Public (free)	Waigani (6)					
19	Waigani Swamp	259.7	Natural	Wetland	Squatter	Public (free)	Morata (6)					
20	Morata Swamp	10.38	Natural	Wetland	Squatter	Public (free)	Morata (6)					
21	Section 431, Lot 78 Granville	0.065	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Ensisi (5)	Poor condition. Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/1578		NCDC	SPL (RP)
22	Portion 1473 Granville (Nature park Garden)	5.827	Passive	Recreation park & Gardens	Regional	Public (charge)	UPNG (5)			Yes		
23	Section 230, Lot 61 Hohola	0.5328	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Tokarara (5)				NCDC	
24	Section 227, Lot 100 Hohola	1.142	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Tokarara (5)				NCDC	

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25	Section 227, Lot 165 Hohola	0.6608	Active	Sports Fields	Citywide	Public (free)	Tokarara (5)			NCDC	
26	Section 236, Lot 93 Hohola	0.1337	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Tokarara (5)			NCDC	
27	Section 229, Lot 15 Hohola	0.1042	Passive	Landscape Amenity	Local	Public (free)	Tokarara (5)	Carpark		LFC, 2016	
28	Section 229, Lot 69 Hohola	0.8691	Natural	Ridgetop	Local	Public (free)	June Valley (5)	Poor condition. Title issue on 11/10/17 on G804.	49/1432	NCDC	SPL (SF)
29	Section 231, Lot 162 Hohola	0.4909	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	June Valley (5)		49/1432	NCDC	
30	Section 232, Lot 162 Hohola	0.3683	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Hohola (5)			NCDC	
31	Section 17 Lot 16 & 17 Hohola (Hohola Sports Centre)	2.87	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Hohola No.4 (5)	Hohola Sports Centre		NCDC	
32	Section 195, Lot 1 Hohola	1.237	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Hohola North (5)			NCDC	
33	Section 395, Lot 23 Hohola	0.4086	Natural	Ridgetop	Local	Public (free)	Hohola (5)	Natural grassland	49/1578	NCDC	SPL (RtR)
34	Section 27, Lot 5 Hohola (Further subdivided into S.27, Lot 12-14)	1.1615	Active	Sports Fields	Local		Morata (5)		49/1736 & 1977	NCDC	(rury
35	Section 287, Lot 101 Hohola (Morata sports oval)	0.5914	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (free)	Morata (5)				
36	Portion 1558 Granville	4.276	Natural	Ridgetop	Local	Public (free)	Games vill (5).				
37	Portions 2040 Granville (Sir John Guise Stadium)	4.15	Active	Sports Fields	Local	Public (charge)	WCC (4)				
38	Portion 2131 Granville (Sir John Guise Stadium)	1.508	Active	Ridgetop		Public (charge)	WCC (4)				
39	Portion 1554 Granville (Sir John Guise Stadium)	6.162	Active	Sports Fields		Public (charge)	WCC (4)			POM Soccer Ass.Inc	
40	Portion 1580 Granville (Sir John Guise Stadium)	2.427	Active	Sports Fields	Regional	Public (charge)	WCC (4)				
41	Portion 1592 Granville (Sir John Guise Stadium)	2.966	Active	Ridgetop	Regional	Public (charge)	WCC (4)				
42	Courts Roundabout	1.531	Passive	Landscape Amenity	Regional	Public (free)	Gordons (4)				
43	Section 438, Lot 25 Hohola (Islander village park)	0.1947	Passive	Stadium	Regional	Restricted	Erima (4)				
44	Section 10 Boroko (Erima Recreation park)	2.28	Passive	Stadium	Regional	Public (free)	WCC (4)				
45	Section 390, Lot 15 Hohola (Vulupindi park)	0.0658	Passive	Stadium	Local	Public (free)	WCC (4)				
46	Section 122, Lot 13 Hohola (Unagi park)	6.409	Passive	Stadium	Local	Public (free)	Gordons (4)			Title in progress 2016	
47	Section 424 Lot 27 Hohola	0.8385	Natural	Landscape amenity	Local	Public (free)	Erima (4)				
48	Section 459 Lot 53 Hohola	1365	Active	Sports Field	Local	Public (free)	Erima (4)		49/1713	NCDC	SPL (SF)
49	Section 276 Lot 4 Hohola (Port Moresby Golf Course)	62.88	Active	Specialised sport	Regional	Restricted	North Waigani (4)			POM Golf Club Inc.	\- /
50	Open Space at rear of Section 276 Lot 60 Hohola	0.3998	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public	North Waigani (4)				

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51	Section 25 Lot 4 Boroko (Apex park)	1.371	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	Boroko (3)			
52	Lahara park	0.143	Passive	Recreation park	Regional	Public (free)	5Mile (3)			
53	Open Space off Maragi Gardens	0.2476	Passive	Specialised sport	Local	Public (free)	East Boroko (3)			
54	Section 100, Lot 18 Boroko	1.238	Squatter				E.Boroko (3)	Informal Settlement		NCDC
55	Portion 1638, Granville (Tabari craft market)	0.5412	Civic space	Market	Local	Public (free)	E.Boroko (3)			
56	Section 26 Lot 33 Boroko	0.5886	Passive	Landscape amenity	District	Public (free)	Boroko (3)	Carpark		NCDC
57	Section 56 Lot 15 Boroko (China town Mini market)	0.5318	Passive	Landscape amenity	Squatter	Public (free)	4Mile (3)	Market		NCDC
58	Section 68, Lot 2 Boroko (Steamships Racquet Centre)	1.594	Active		Citywide	Restricted	4Mile (3)			Steamships
59	Portion 3155 Granville (Bisini Sports oval)	34	Active	Ridgetop	Citywide	Public (charge)	E.Boroko (3)			NSF
60	Portion 628 Granville (Taurama Aquatic Centre)	33.929	Active	Recreational park	Citywide	Public (charge)	3Mile (3)			
61	Portion 88, Lot 17 Boroko (Taurama Aquatic Centre)	0.3345	Active	Recreational park	Citywide	Public (charge)	3Mile (3)	Consolidate with Portion 628		NCDC
62	DA 2225 Granville	6.842	Squatter				E.Boroko (3)	Informal Settlement		
63	Portion 1546 Granville	1.141	Squatter				E.Boroko (3)	Informal Settlement		
64	Section 31 Lot 7 Boroko	4.815	Natural		Regional	Public (free)	5mile (3)			NBC
65	Section 81, Lot 9 Matirogo (Konedobu park)	0.7995	Passive		Squatter	Public (free)	Gabutu (2)			Title in progress 2016
66	Section 87, Lot 2 Matirogo	0.6021	Passive		Squatter		Kila Kila (2)			Private
67	Section 87, Lot 3 Matirogo	2.946			Local		2Mile (2)			Gabutu & Gabatou, UDL
68	Section 143, Lot 28 Matirogo (St Theresa's Primary School)	1.088	Active		Local	Public (free)	Badili (2)			
69	Field in front of Kilakila Primary School	0.9528	Active	Field	Local	Public (free)	Kila Kila (2)			
70	Section 15, Lot 11 Matirogo	0.7211	Active	Field	Local	Public (free)	Kaugere (2)			
71	Section 39, Lot 13 Matigoro	0.4794	Active	Field	Local	Public (free)	Kaugere (2)			Sabama Youth Group
72	Open Space adjacent Kilakila Secondary School	2.916	Active	Field	District	Public (free)	Kaugere (2)			
73	Section 83, Lot 02 Matirogo	EJ	Active	Field		Public (free)		Unable to locate on zoning plan		Title in progress 2016
74	Section 83, Lot 6 Matirogo (Sir William Memorial park)	13.02	Active	Field	Citywide	Public (free)	Kaugere (2)			
75	Manubada Island	39.08	Natural	Island	Citywide	Restricted	Manubada (2)			Customary
76	Section 6, Lot 19 Granville	0.2416	Passive	Landscape amenity	Local	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)	Carpark		NCDC
77	War memorial park	4.47	Passive	Civic Space	District	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)	Memorial park		
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78	Section 6 Lot 22 Granville (Coronation park)	0.1659	Passive	Recreation park	Local	Public (free)	POM CBD (1)			
79	Section 28, Lot 1 Granville (Ela Beach Rp)	0.1223	Passive	Recreation park	Citywide	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)	Ela Beach recreation park redevelopment 2017.		NCDC
80	Section 28, Lot 6 Granville (Ela Beach Rp)	0.1658	Passive	Recreation park	Citywide	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)	,		NCDC
81	Section 28, Lot 7 Granville (Ela Beach Rp)	0.1591	Passive	Recreation park	Citywide	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)			
82	Section 28, Lot 8 Granville (Ela Beach Rp)	4.427	Passive	Recreation park	Citywide	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)			Title in progress 2016
83	Section 28, Lots 3,4,5 Granville (Ela Beach Rp)	0.2702	Passive	Recreation park	Citywide	Public (free)	Ela Beach (1)			
84	Section 44, Lot 23 Granville	1.024	Active	Sports oval	Local	Public (free)	Konedobu (1)	Poor		Tabudubu Ltd
85	Section 44, Lot 24 Granville	2.514	Active	Stadium	Local	Public (free)	Konedobu (1)	Poor		Tabudubu Ltd
86	Section 44, Lot 26 Granville	2.312	Active	Stadium	Local	Public (free)	Konedobu (1)	Poor		Tabudubu Ltd
87	Section 61, Lot 1 Granville (Sir Hubert Murray Stadium)	0.1801	Active	Recreation park	Regional	Public (charge)	Konedobu (1)	Stadium		Hubert Murray Trust
88	Section 61, Lot 2 Granville (Sir Hubert Murray Stadium)	4.331	Active	Recreation park	Regional	Public (charge)	Konedobu (1)	Stadium		Hubert Murray Trust, Special
89	Portion 990 Granville	20.48	Passive	Squatter			9 Mile (7)	Informal Settlement		Patu No.53 (TST)
90	Portion 989 Granville (Bomana Turf Club)	13.4	Passive	Squatter			9Mile (7)	Informal Settlement		
91	Portion 939 Granville	39.04	Passive	Squatter			9Mile (7)	Informal Settlement		
92	Adventure Park (17 Mile)	22.27	Passive	Recreation park & Garden	District		17mile			PNG Gardener
93	Gemo Island	59.27	Natural	Island	Citywide	Restricted	Gemo Island (10)			Customary
94	Lolorua Island	5.53	Natural	Island	Citywide	Restricted	Lolorua Island (10)			Customary
95	Daugo Isand	371.2	Natural	Island	Citywide	Restricted	Daugo Isand (10)			Customary
96	Taima Island	0.0859	Natural	Island	Citywide	Restricted	Taima Island (10)			Customary
97	Bootless Bay /Taurama Bay (20m environmental protection zone)	82.34	Natural	Wetland	Regional		Dogura/Taurama			Customary

# APPENDIX B: (2) A 10 year projection of open space provision in hectares by LPA using Low and High growth population from 2011-2021.

## A. Low Growth Scenario

LPA	Population 2011	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park & Garden (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000	Population 2016	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000	Population 2021	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000
Port Moresby/ Konedobu	16 878	33.8	8.4	1.7	8.4	15.2	19 906	39.8	10.0	2.0	10.0	17.9	23 477	47.0	11.7	2.3	11.7	21.1
Kilakila /Badili	46 821	93.6	23.4	4.7	23.4	42.1	55 220	110.4	27.6	5.5	27.6	49.7	65 127	130.3	32.6	6.5	32.6	58.6
Boroko	35 890	71.8	17.9	3.6	17.9	32.3	42 328	84.7	21.2	4.2	21.2	38.1	49 922	99.8	25.0	5.0	25.0	44.9
Waigani	58 093	106.2	26.5	5.8	29.0	52.3	68 515	137.0	34.3	6.9	34.3	61.7	80 711	161.4	40.4	8.1	40.4	72.6
University /Tokarara	53 025	106.1	26.5	5.3	26.5	47.7	62 537	125.1	31.3	6.3	31.3	56.3	73 756	147.5	36.9	7.4	36.9	66.4
Gerehu /Waigani Swamp	39 430	78.9	19.7	3.9	19.7	35.5	46 504	93.0	23.3	4.7	23.3	41.9	54 846	109.7	27.4	5.5	27.4	49.4
8/9Mile	42 156	84.3	21.1	4.2	21.1	37.9	49 719	99.4	24.9	5.0	24.9	44.7	58 638	117.3	29.3	5.9	29.3	52.8
Airport	32 960	65.9	16.5	3.3	16.5	29.7	38 873	77.7	19.4	3.9	19.4	35.0	45 846	91.7	22.9	4.6	22.9	41.3
Kaevaga /Poreporena	20 388	40.8	10.2	2.0	10.2	18.3	24 046	48.1	12.0	2.4	12.0	21.6	28 359	56.7	14.2	2.8	14.2	25.5
Huhunama /Tovabada	3 337	6.7	1.7	0.3	1.7	3.0	3 936	7.9	2.0	0.4	2.0	3.5	4 642	9.3	2.3	0.5	2.3	4.2
NapaNapa /Daugo Island	1 872	3.7	0.9	0.2	0.9	1.7	2 208	4.4	1.1	0.2	1.1	2.0	2 604	5.2	1.3	0.3	1.3	2.3
Taurama South	7 792	15.6	3.9	0.8	3.9	7.0	9 190	18.4	4.6	0.9	4.6	8.3	10 838	21.7	5.4	1.1	5.4	9.8
Taurama /Dogura South	5 483	11.0	2.7	0.5	2.7	4.9	6 467	12.9	3.2	0.6	3.2	5.8	7 627	15.3	3.8	8.0	3.8	6.9
Dogura North	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

# **B. High Growth Scenario**

LPA	Population	ø					Population			_		_	Population			•		,
	2011	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park & Garden (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000	2016	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000	2021	Sports Centre (2ha/1000)	Recreation park (0.5ha/1000)	Town Centre park (0.1ha/1000)	Informal park (0.5ha/1000	Others (reserve use) 0.9ha/1000
Port Moresby/ Konedobu	16 878	33.8	8.4	1.7	8.4	15.2	17 743	35.5	8.9	1.8	8.9	16.0	18 653	37.3	9.3	1.9	9.3	16.8
Kilakila /Badilili	46 821	93.6	23.4	4.7	23.4	42.1	54 127	108.3	27.1	5.4	27.1	48.7	62 573	125.1	31.3	6.3	31.3	56.3
Boroko	35 890	71.8	17.9	3.6	17.9	32.3	39 467	78.9	19.7	3.9	19.7	35.5	43 400	86.8	21.7	4.3	21.7	39.1
Waigani	58 093	116.2	29.0	5.8	29.0	52.3	66 490	133.0	33.2	6.6	33.2	59.8	76 100	152.2	38.1	7.6	38.1	68.5
University /Tokarara	53 025	106.1	26.5	5.3	26.5	47.7	60 689	121.4	30.3	6.1	30.3	54.6	69 461	138.9	34.7	6.9	34.7	62.5
Gerehu /Waigani Swamp	39 430	78.9	19.7	3.9	19.7	35.5	47 443	94.9	23.7	4.7	23.7	42.7	57 084	114.2	28.5	5.7	28.5	51.4
8/9Mile	42 156	84.3	21.1	4.2	21.1	37.9	54 673	109.3	27.3	5.5	27.3	49.2	70 908	141.8	35.5	7.1	35.5	63.8
Airport	32 960	65.9	16.5	3.3	16.5	29.7	45 164	90.3	22.6	4.5	22.6	40.6	61 886	123.8	30.9	6.2	30.9	55.7
Kaevaga /Poreporena	20 388	40.8	10.2	2.0	10.2	18.3	23 569	47.1	11.8	2.4	11.8	21.2	27 247	54.5	13.6	2.7	13.6	24.5
Huhunama /Tovabada	3 337	6.7	1.7	0.3	1.7	3.0	4 200	8.4	2.1	0.4	2.1	3.8	5 286	10.6	2.6	0.5	2.6	4.8
NapaNapa /Daugo Island	1 872	3.7	0.9	0.2	0.9	1.7	2 835	5.7	1.4	0.3	1.4	2.6	4 293	8.6	2.1	0.4	2.1	3.9
Taurama South	7 792	15.6	3.9	0.8	3.9	7.0	8 830	17.7	4.4	0.9	4.4	7.9	10 005	20.0	5.0	1.0	5.0	9.0
Taurama /Dogura South	5 483	11.0	2.7	0.5	2.7	4.9	6 500	13.0	3.3	0.7	3.3	5.9	7 703	15.4	3.9	0.8	3.9	6.9
Dogura North	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

# APPENDIX B: (3) LPA Analysis of different Categories of Open Spaces.

LPA	Available amount <sup>11</sup> (ha)	Passive (ha)	Active (ha)	Natural (ha)	TPO trees	Squatter settlement (ha)	Unique Feature	Proposed plan	Comments
Port Moresby/ Konedobu	113.503	10.0219	10.3611	93.12 (Rt)			Ela Beach/Koki Fault- line	Redevelopment of Ela Beach Recreation park & Coronation park.	Of the 10.3611ha Sir Hubert Murray now called PNG Football Stadium make up 4.5111ha and 5.85ha is the adjacent sporting oval. The passive make up of 10.0219ha, Ela Beach recreation reserve comprised 5.1444ha which is planned for redevelopment.
Kilakila /Badilili	59.6589	1.4016	19.1773	39.08 (ls)		2.946	Konebada Park (Taikone Beach) & Manubada Island		19.1773ha are fields in very poor condition and Sir William park make up 13.02ha.39.08ha is Manubada Island under customary tenureship.
Boroko	95.6857	3.4232	69.8575	4.815(Rt) 17.59 (Rt)		9.221	Bisini Sports oval & Taurama Aquatic Centre		Of the 69.8575ha, Bisini sports oval comprised 34ha, Taurama Aquatic Centre 34.2635ha & Steamships Racquet Centre make up 1.594ha.
Waigani	97.9168	10.4805	81.458	1.2383 4.74 (Rt)			Sir John Guise Stadium & POM Golf Course		Of the total 81.458ha, Sir John Guise Stadium comprised 17.213ha and Port Moresby Golf Course make up 62.88ha whilst rundown field make up 1.365ha. 10.4805ha are poorly maintained recreational parks, e.g Unagi park.
University /Tokarara	21.6083	5.9962	9.1884	5.5537 0.87 (Rt)			Nature Park		9.1884 comprised mostly of neighborhood sporting fields in very poor conditions. Of the 5.9962 ha, Nature Park make up 5.827ha.
Gerehu /Waigani Swamp	360.8424	8.4974	8.886	343.459 (W)		19.1158	Waigani/Gerehu swamp	LDP work in progress by PLANPAC	No built facilities. Gerehu Sports Centre make up 8.886ha and need to be upgraded to a stadium.
8/9Mile	676.27	22.27		654 (Rt)		72.92	Bomana War Cemetery & Laloki/Bomana River/Adventure Park	Proposed 9Mile Mini Stadium on Portion 884 Granville (8.6ha)	No recreation parks and built sports facilities. Many new subdivisions have provided provisions for open spaces, e.g Net Holdings, Bernal No.8 Limited and Boyne Limited. Ensure these open spaces are developed as per tits intent and titles to transfer to NCDC after 5 years.
Airport	Nil			Nil			Jackson's International Airport	Old Airport redevelopment by NAC	No recreation parks and built sports facilities. The Airport Redevelopment Plan must ensure recreational areas for passive and active activities be implemented for a balance land use activities.
Kaevaga /Poreporena	Nil			Nil		Customary land	Burn's Peak Lookout/Idubada Beach front/Hanubada village/Baruni Fault		Poreporena Napanapa Local Development Plan covers 3 LPAs and the Plan provide provision for open space recreation and sporting activities and for the preservation of the natural environment. However, much of the land are under customary ownership where many decision making will be determined by the landowners.
Huhunama /Tovabada	1166			1166 (Rt)		Customary	Huhunama /Tovabada hills/ridgeline		
NapaNapa /Daugo Island	38.21			38.21 (Rt)		Customary	Daugo, Gemo & Lolorua Islands		
Taurama South	403.4			403.4 (Rt)		Customary	Tuna Bay/Taurama Beach	Proposed MPA by CEPA/JICA	Dogura Taurama Local Development Plan covers 3 LPAs and the Plan provide provision for open space recreation and sporting activities and for the preservation of the natural environment. It is similar to PNLDP as 95% of land are customarily owned and decision making vested with landowners.
Taurama /Dogura South	281.2			281.2 (Rt)		Customary	Bootless Inlet	Proposed MPA by CEPA/JICA	
Dogura North	1398			1398 (Rt)		Customary	Dogura Inlet/Dogura Beach	Proposed MPA by CEPA/JICA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Available amount include passive, active and natural as counted open spaces. TPO trees and open spaces currently being squatted by informal settlements are not counted open spaces.

# APPENDIX B: (4) Rezoned Open Spaces by NCDPPB from 2005-2015 (yellow no record in NCD Zoning Plan)

Site Description	Area (ha)	Category of OS	Change of use	Suburb	LPA	Leasee/ Applicant	Date of Approval by NCDPPB
Vacant Seafront adjacent Portion 474 Granville & opposite Portion 711 Granville	4.5	Natural (seafront)	Commercial Subdivision	Idubada	9	Fernhill Ltd	Special Board Meeting No:S01/2015 on 16/10/2015
Portion 2487 Granville		Natural	Subdivision	Bomana	7	NDB	Meeting No.04 on 1/10/2015
Section 206, Lot 47 Hohola & Part Portion 172 REM Granville	5.0982	Natural	Subdivision design for Residential, Public Institutional & Public Utility zones.	Erima (Kookaburra St)	4	NCDC	Meeting No.02 on 7/05/2015
Portion 2800 Granville		Natural	Residential	8Mile		Joel Konga Kapena	Meeting No.02 on 7/05/2015
Section 135, Lot 20 Hohola	4.624	Active OS	Commercial (Constitutional Park)	Waigani City Centre	4	Celtex 77 Limited	Meeting No.06 on 17/12/2014
Part Open Space Adjacent to Section 07, Matirogo		Passive OS	Residential	Gabutu	2	Northern Management Consultants	Meeting No.05 on 6/10/2014
Portion 3169 Granville (along Healy Parade road		Passive OS	Commercial	Koki	2	NCDC	Meeting No.04 on 31/07/2014
Part Drainage Reserve Adjacent to Section 46 Lot 18, Boroko	0.1353	Natural Drainage Reserve	Residential	East Boroko	3	Robert Nenta	Meeting No.02 on 28/03/2013
Drainage Reserve Adjacent to section 119 Lot 8, Boroko		Natural Drainage Reserve	Subdivision	9Mile	7	Sawan Tili	Meeting No.11 on 8/12/2011
Drainage Reserve adjoining Section 42 Lot 117 Boroko	0.1379	Natural Drainage Reserve	Public Utility	3Mile	3	Kiddie & Associates Ltd	Meeting No.11 on 8/12/2011
Drainage Reserve Hohola		Natural Drainage Reserve	Community Message Billboard	Hohola	5	Health Department	Meeting No.10 on 4/11/2010
Portion 1586, Granville			Residential	Hohola	5	Elly Korua	Meeting No.03 on 31/03/2009
S 136 L 08, Hohola, (Waigani Drive)	2.31	Passive OS	Commercial	Waigani City Centre	4	Port Moresby Country Club	Meeting No.11 on 12/09/2008
S 317 L 054 - 058 & 063 & 064, Hohola	0.796	Passive OS	Residential	Gerehu Stg 6	6	Wimble & Co. Limited	Meeting No.09 on 30/08/2008
S 206 L 45 Hohola (Gordons)			Residential	Gordons	4	Rubmit Limited	Meeting No.06 on 25/06/2008
Portion 2522, Granville			Subdivision design for Residential, Public Institutional & Public Utility zones.			Pastor Kenneth Kiri Moses	Meeting No.05 on 30/04/2008
S 406 L 30, Hohola (Lamana Heights)	0.4038	Passive OS	Residential & part public utility	Waigani City Centre	4	NCDC Physical Planning Officer	Meeting No.07 on 25/07/2007
4Section 349, Lot 3 Hohola	0.9208	Passive OS	Industrial	Gerehu Stg 2	6	Jixing Industries	Meeting No.07 on 25/07/2007
S 374 L 19, Waigani (Independence Hill)	3.182	Passive OS	Public Utility	Waigani City Centre	4	National Executive Council	Meeting No.02 on 22/02/2006
Section 26, Lot 11 Matirogo	0.5313	Passive OS	Public Institutional	Sabama	2	Church of Jesus Christ Latter Day Saints	Meeting No.11 on 12/07/2005
S 44 L 23 Granville	1.01	Active OS	Part Commercial	Konedobu	1	Tabudubu Ltd	Meeting No.01 on 26/01/2005
S 44 L 24 Granville	1.01	Active OS	Part Commercial	Konedobu	1	Tabudubu Ltd	Meeting No.01 on 26/01/2005
S 44 L 26 Granville		Active OS	Part Commercial	Konedobu	1	Tabudubu Ltd	Meeting No.01 on 26/01/2005

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#### APPENDIX B: (5) Combine site inspection by NCDC & DLPP in 2014 and 2015.

No	Description	Suburb	Comments
		20	114 inspected sites
1	Section 122 Lot 1 & 2 Hohola	Gordons	Description has now changed to Section 122 Lot 13 Unagi Park
2	Section 56 Lot 15 Boroko	East Boroko	China town market, NCDC legal title
3	Section 100 Lot 18 Boroko	East Boroko	Along Namo St, NCDC legal title
4	Section 195 Lot 1 Hohola	Between Hoho/Toks	Along Boraigaino rd, NCDC legal title
5	Section 195 Lot 13 Hohola		
6	Portion 1550 Granville	Ela Beach	Description now changed to 2031 Sea park no longer exist
7	Section 28 Lot 8 Granville	Ela Beach	Ela Beach recreation park
8	Section 81 Lot 9 Matirogo	Kaugere	Along Karius rd
9	Section 83 Lot 2 Matirogo	Kaugere	Kaugere Sports Oval
		20	15 Inspected sites
1	Section 229, Lot 15 Hohola	Tokarara	Hohola carpark
2	Section 229, Lot 69 Hohola	Tokarara	Natural Ridgetop
3	Section 431 Lot 78 Hohola	Tokarara	Recreation park
4	Section 396 Lot 23 Hohola	Hohola North	Natural Ridgetop
5	Section 287 Lot 101 Hohola	Morata 1	Morata Sports Oval
6	Section 302 Lot 56 Hohola	Gerehu	Gerehu Sports Oval
7	Section 308 Lot 35 Hohola	Gerehu	Drainage reserve currently fenced off
8	Section 308 Lot 37 Hohola	Gerehu	Rezone to residential at National Appeals Tribunal (NAT).
9	Section 310 Lot 169 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 5	Squatter settlement
10	Section 310 Lot 170 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 5	Squatter settlement
11	Section 317 Lot 63 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 6	Rezone to Residential
12	Section 317 Lot 64 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 6	Rezone to Residential
13	Section 317 Lot 65 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 6	Drainage reserve
14	Section 349 Lot 3 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 2	Rezone to Industrial
15	Section 349 Lot 9 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 2	Drainage reserve
16	Section 347 Lot 4 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 2	Rezone to Commercial
17	Section 347 Lot 5 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 2	Rezone to Commercial
18	Section 393 Lot 2 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 1	Recreation park
19	Section 416 Lot 1 Hohola	Gerehu Stg 3B	Part rezone to commercial at NAT
20	Section 495 Lot 53 Hohola	North Erima	Sporting Oval

# APPENDIX B: (6): Roles and Responsibilities of various Government Agencies responsible for planning, development and management of open spaces, recreational and sporting facilities.

Lead Government	Roles & Responsibilities
Agency	· ·
Conservation &	One of its functions is to co-ordinate with provincial & LLG and sub-national authorities to foster manage and monitor
Environment Protection	environmental conservation strategies and programmes in the country. Also to establish and maintain zoological and botanical
Authority (CEPA)	parks and gardens in relation to land under the care, control and management of the Authority.
PNG Sports Foundation	PNG Sports Foundation is responsible for planning, development and management of sporting in PNG. It also provides advice to
	matters related to the activities of the Foundation including maintaining facilities of the Foundation.
Department of Lands &	The sole responsibility of the DLPP is administered and manage land in PNG. The allocation of Land title must conform to the
Physical Planning (DLPP)	zoning of the land.
National Capital District	NCDC is responsible for providing essential municipal services to the city residents. Three divisions within the NCDC have a sole
Commission (NCDC)	responsibility in the planning and management of the open spaces in the NCD.
	Strategic Planning Section
	Forward planning through preparation of local development plans and policies to guide land use and infrastructure development in
	NCD. The Strategic Planning ensure that all standards of open spaces and recreational areas are provided in the Plan in order to
	protect and maintained all open spaces from being lost to private interest and built development in the NCD.
	Urbanization Section
	Liaise with the DLPP for acquisition of land titles, valuation and facilitate cadastral survey.
	Parks & Gardens The Description of the Committee of
	The Parks & Gardens Section under Community & Social Services Department is responsible for the development and
	management of parks and recreation facilities such as children's play equipment. Execute Clean and beautification program of the city through:
	*Clean all major roads, medium strips, open spaces and reserves;
	*Maintain standards of all park facilities; and
	*Develop and upkeep of parks, playing fields and children's playing equipment's.
	Sports Desk
	Ensure city residents are given maximum opportunities and avenues to participate in sporting, recreation and leisure activities.
	They also coordinate with National Sports Foundation for capacity building (short courses for referees, teachers for physical
	education and special needs/ disable courses).
Private	PNG Gardener
	Carry out beautification programs in the city. They are currently performing most of NCDC Parks and Gardens functions.
	Port Moresby Nature Park
	Port Moresby Nature Park is PNG's only combined botanical and zoological parks and gardens that promote PNG's flora and
	fauna. The only city's rainforest garden with established gardens of native plant species of over 11,000 native orchids, palms,
	heliconias and over 150 animals such as tree kangaroos, cassowaries, birds of paradise, parrots, pigeons, reptiles, wallabies and
	many more. Facilities include café, souvenir shop, picnic areas, haus-wins and barbecue areas. Over 12,000 people visit the park
	annually and internationally recognised as a zoo.
	Adventure Park
	Adventure park is located at 14Mile outside NCD boundary but heavily used by city residents for recreational purposes.

## APPENDIX B: (7A): Requirement of specific sports facility according to standards set by International Sport Authority<sup>12</sup>.

Sports Facilities	Requirement		World standard
	Land (ha)	Field	
Football field	0.62ha-0.82ha	100m X 64m (Min)	Federation International Football
(Soccer)		110 X 75m (Max)	Association (FIFA)
Rugby League	1.008ha	64-75m X 100-110m	World Rugby
Rugby Union	0.0428ha	144m long X 70m wide	World Rugby
AFL		135–185m long goal-to-goal and 110– 155m wide wing-to-wing.	World Rugby
Netball court	0.133ha (1330m²)	30.5m long by 15.25m wide	International Federation of Netball Associations (2001)
Basketball court	0.133ha (1330m²)	28m long by 15m wide	International Basketball Federation (FIBA)
Tennis court	0.21ha (2100m²)	23.77m X 10.97m	International Tennis Federation (ITF)
Beach Volleyball	0.0735ha (735m²)		International Volleyball Federation (IVBF)
Volleyball	,	18m X 9m	International Volleyball Federation (IVBF)
Cricket	1.25ha; Lords 1.43ha	137m X 150m	International Cricket Council (ICC)
Softball	1.0117ha	65 ft base with 275 ft fence	World Baseball Softball Confederation (WBSC)
	0.607ha	60ft bas with 200 ft fence	
Baseball	0.83ha;1.12ha		World Baseball Softball Confederation (WBSC)
Swimming pool		50m	Federation International de Natation
Swimming pool		25m	
Gymnasium		73m X 33.5m 50m X 25m	Federation International Gymnastique (FIG)
Athletics	2-3ha		Federation International Gymnastique
Complex			(FIG)
Squash		9.75m X 6.4m	World Squash (WS)

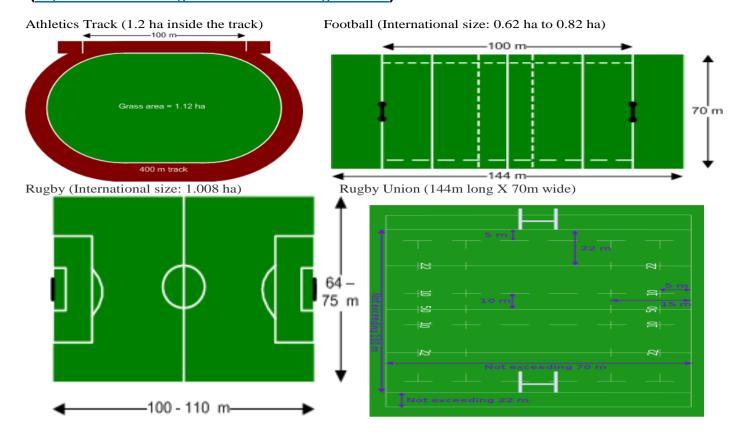
http://www.pland.gov.hk/pland\_en/tech\_doc/hkpsg/full/ch4/ch4\_text.htm; http://www.wikiwand.com/en/Hectare; https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rugby\_union.

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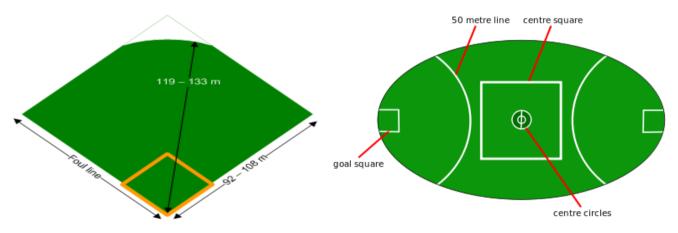
<sup>12</sup> https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Australian\_rules\_football\_playing\_field; http://ballfields.com/baseballfield-dimensions/space-needs-of-a-ballfield;

# APPENDIX B: (7B): Specific sports field pictorial design

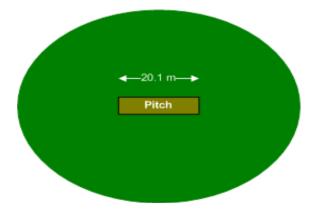
(http://metricviews.org.uk/2007/11/how-big-hectare)



Baseball (Between 0.83 ha and 1.12 ha) Australian Rules football field (135-185m X 110-155m)



Cricket (1.25 ha; Lords 1.43 ha)



# APPENDIX C: Recommended Tree species for different Road Hierarchy in the National Capital District.

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Main Arterial Road		
Plumeria	Frangipani	
Cassia Fistula	Golden showers	
Cassia Grandis	Pink showers	
Cassia Nodosa	Pink and white showers	
Polyalthia Longifolia	Pendula	
Tabebuia	Roble tree	
Delonix Regia	Royal Poinciana	
Delonix Regia	Red fire	
Eucalyptus	Gum tree	
Roystonearegia	Royal palm	
Elaeisguineensis	Palm oil	
Casuarina	Yar tree	
Ficus	Ficus	
Distributor Roads		
Sloanea Australis	Maiden's Blush	
Abiesamabilis	Pacific Silver fir pine	
Cocos nucifera	Coconut	
Sylvester Palm	Silver Date Palm	
Cassia Javanica		
Cassia Brewsteri		
Cassia Siamea	Kassod tree	
Cassia Rainbow showers		
Cassia Roxburghii	Rose showers	
Delonix Regia	Orange fire	
Delonix Regia	Gold cascade	
Candle tree		
Indian Fur tree		
Chrysobalanus icaco	Coco plum	
Collector Roads		
Ravenala Madagascariensis	Travellers palm	
Washingtonia filifera	California Fan Palm Tree	
Brahea edulis	Guadalupe Palm Tree	
Cocos nucifera	Coconut Palm Tree	
Copernicia alba	Caranday Palm Tree	
Gmelina Arborea		
Median Strips		
Hyophorbe lagenicaulis	Bottle Palm Tree	
Bismarckia nobilis	Bismarck Palm Tree	
Veitchia Merrillii	Christmas Palm Tree	
Chamaerops humilis	European Fan Palm Tree	